SBI ASSOCIATE BANK CLERKS

PREVIOUS PAPER - 2004

HELD ON: 02-04-2004

				20
		BASED (ON MEMORY	
		RE#	SONING	Vo.
1.	Four of the following belong to that group?	-	certain way and hence form	a group. Which one does not
	1) Litchi	2) Papaya	3) Jackfruit	4) Guava
	5) Watermelon			
2.	remaining two digits		n, which of the following w	mbers and the positions of the ould be the last but one number
	225, 136, 592, 367, 6	574		
	1) 592	2) 225	3) 367	4) 136
	5) 674			
3.	the positions of the s	_	digits are interchanged and	3018 are interchanged, similarly d so on; which of the following
	1) 8	2) 7	3) 1	4) 0
	5) None of these		10	00
4.	If '6' is codes as T, '8 DRINTQ is coded?	' as 'I' '3' as 'N', '9' as '	Q', '2' as 'Y', '5' as 'D', and '	7' is coded as 'R', then how will
	1) 573869	2) 578396	3) 576839	4) 578329
	5) None of these		~~~	
5.	Four of the following belong to that group?		certain way and hence form	n a group. Which one does not
	1) Ginger	2) Potato	3) Carrot	4) Mushroom
	5) Garlic	0.		
6.		guage STREAM is wi	-	PERB is written OTRCSF. How
	1) QNAHOJ	2) CPSJOH	3) QNAOHJ	4) ANQJOH
	5) None of these			
7.	•			eans 'bag is heavy', 'kasi' means 'that is interesting' in that code
	1) ka re na	2) de si re	3) ti po ka	4) ka de re
	5) None of these			

8.	In a certain code language that code language?	e SPRING is written as U	NUFRC. How will the wo	ord MOBILE be written in
	1) OMDGNC	2) OMEFPA	3) OMDGPA	4) KQEFPA
	5) None of these			-X,
9.	In a certain code language will the word GRAPES b		$\% = \bigstar - \$ + '$ and PRAISI guage?	E as '? ★ @ – % X'. How
	$1) + \bigstar @ X ? \%$	2) + @ \star ? X %	3) + ★ @ ? X %	4) + \star – ? X %
	5) None of these			O
10.	How many such pairs of between them in the word			of which has many letters
	1) None	2) Two	3) Four	4) One
	5) Three	~	O.	
11.	How many such 5s are preceded by 3 or 4 but no		-	of which is immediately
	3 5 9 5 4 5 5 3 5 8 4 5 6	7 3 5 7 5 5 4 5 2 3 5 1 0		
	1) Five	2) Four	3) Three	4) None
	5) None of these			
12.	In a row of boys A is 13 th right then what is the pos		7 th from the right. If in th	nis row A is 11 th from the
	1) 12 th	2) 7 th	3) 10 th	4) 6 th
	5) None of these			
13.		RE, what will be the thir	ne second, the fourth the s d letter of that word? If n h word can be formed, giv	nore than one such words
	1) O	2) T	3) E	4) X
	5) Y		20	
Direc	ctions (14 – 15): Study the	e following information ca	arefully and answer the qu	estions given below.
	i) L % M means M is bro	ther of L.		
	ii) $L \times M$ means L is mot	her of M.		
	iii) L ÷ M means L is sist	er of M.		
	iv) $L = M$ means M is fat	her of L.		
14.	Which of the following n	neans 'I' is nephew of 'Q'?	•	
	A. Q % J = 1	B. Q \div M \times B % I	C. C \div I = B%Q	
	1) Only C	2) Only A	3) Only B	4) Both A and B
<	5) None of these			
15.	Which of the following st	tatements can be dispense	ed with while answering th	ne above question?
	1) Only (i)	2) Only (ii)	3) Only (iii)	4) Only (iv)
	5) All are necessary			

Directions (16 – 20): Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and

Give answer (1) if the data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (2) if the data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (3) if the data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (4) if the data given in both the statement I and II are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (5) if the data given in both the statement I and II together are necessary to answer the question.

- **16.** Who is third from the top among P, Q, T, V and Z when they are arranged in descending order according to their heights?
 - I. V is taller than P and Q but shorter than T and T is not the tallest.
 - II. T is taller than Z only
- 17. What is the meaning of 'pit' in a certain code language?
 - I. In that code language 'na ja ho' means 'how they why?'
 - II. In that code language 'ja pit ka' means 'how they went'
- 18. On which day of week was birthday of 'Varun?'
 - I. Varun celebrated his birthday the very next day on which Ashish celebrated his birthday.
 - II. The sister of Varun was born on the third day of week and two days after Varun was born.
- **19.** How is M related to P?
 - I. The mother of P, and K are sisters
 - II. The only child of D and K is M
- **20.** What is the rank of K from bottom in a class of 30 students?
 - I. M is third from the top and there are five students between M and K.
 - II. The rank of P is fourth from the bottom and there are 17 students between P and K.

Directions (21 – 25): Study the following digit-letter-symbol sequence carefully and answer the questions given below.

$$R \star TJL2 D = M \# 8 C \% B < K 1 \& AW ? PE + Q @ 7 F 6$$

- 21. Which of the following is sixth to the left of eighteenth element from the left?
 - 1) C

2) %

3) 8

4) 1

- 5) None of these
- **22.** What should come in the place of question mark (?) in the following series on the basis of above sequence?
 - ★ R J F 6@ L J \$ Q @ E D \$ M?
 - 1) PEW
- 2) #MC
- 3) PE?
- 4) P?+

If the first fifteen elements in the above sequence is reversed then which of the following will be

3) L

4) \$

23.

i)

1) =

5) None of these

twenty first from the right end?

2) 2

24.	If the above sequence is written in reverse order then which of the following will be sixth to right of sixteenth element from the right end?				
	1) A	2) ?	3) B	4) M	
	5) None of these		. 10	0,	
25.	How many such numbers consonant and immediate			mmediately preceded by a	
	1) None	2) One	3) Four	4) Three	
	5) None of these	~	0		
	etions (26 – 30): In the foling as illustrated below:	llowing questions the syn	nbols $@, \%, \star, \$$ and # as	re used with the following	
	'P @ Q' means 'P' is neith	er greater than nor equal	to 'Q'.		
	'P % Q' means 'P' is not s	maller than 'Q'.			
	'P ★ Q' means 'P' is neith	er smaller than nor equal	to Q'		
	'P \$ Q' means 'P' is neithe	er greater than nor smalle	r than 'Q'.		
	'P # Q' means 'P' is not gr	reater than Q'			
concl	Now in each of the follow usions I and II given below		_	true, find which of the two	
	Give answer (1) if only C	Conclusion I is true		2°	
	Give answer (2) if only co	onclusion II is true	100		
	Give answer (3) if either	Conclusion I or II is true	10.		
	Give answer (4) if neither	r Conclusion I nor II is tr	ue		
	Give answer (5) if both the	ne Conclusion I and II are	e true		
26.	Statements: K \$ M, B #	M, F ★ B			
	Conclusions: I. K \$ B	II. K ★ B			
27.	Statements: H ★ R, R\$	Y, Y%M			
	Conclusions: I. M @ H	II. H \$ M			
28.	Statements: B # V, V \$	$M, M \star Z$			
	Conclusions: I. B \$ M	II. Z @ V			
29.	Statements: W % V, V #	‡ D, M ★ D			
<	Conclusions: I. M \$ W	II. M @ V			
30.	Statements: T \$ R, R #	M, M @ N			
	Conclusions: I. N ★ T	II. R @ N			

Directions (31 – 35): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

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Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H work in three different companies X, Y and Z.

- ii) There are two ladies who work in different companies and their specialisation is also different
- iii) Two of them have specialisation in Finance, another two have specialisation in Human Resources, two have specialisation in Marketing, one is Engineer and one of them is specialist in Computer.
- iv) D is a specialist in Human Resource working in Company X while her friend G is a Finance specialist and works in Company Z.
- v) H is Human Resource specialist who works with Marketing specialist B but does not work in Company Y.
- vi) The two persons with same specialisation do not work together
- vii) Marketing specialist F works in Company Y and his friend A who is Finance specialist works in Company X with only one other specialist.
- viii) In no company more than three persons work
- ix) C is an Engineer and his sister works in Company Z.
- x) No lady is an Engineer nor Computer specialist.
- 31. In which two Companies Human Resource specialists do work?
 - 1) X and Y
- 2) Y and Z
- 3) X and Z
- 4) Data are inadequate

- 5) None of these
- **32.** Who is Computer Specialist?
 - 1) C

2) E

3) H

4) Data are inadequate

- 5) None of these
- **33.** The two ladies are
 - 1) B and D
- 2) D and H
- 3) D and G
- 4) Either (1) or (3)

- 5) Data are inadequate
- **34.** What is the specialisation of H?
 - 1) Marketing
- 2) Finance
- 3) Computer
- 4) Engineer

- 5) None of these
- **35.** In which Company does C work?
 - 1) Y

2) Z

3) X

4) Either Y or Z

5) None of these

Directions (36 – 40): In each of the questions below are given three statements followed by four Conclusions numbered, I, II, III and IV. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given Conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

36. Statements: All branches are roads

Some roads are dogs

All dogs are rains

Conclusions: I. Some rains are dogs

- II. Some rains are branches
- III. Some rains are roads
- IV. All roads are branches

- 1) Only I, II and III follow
- 3) Only II, III and IV follow
- 5) All follow
- **37. Statements:** Some houses are trains

All trains are fruits

Some fruits are skies

Conclusions: I. Some skies are houses

II. Some fruits are houses

III. Some trains are skies

IV. All fruits are trains

- 1) Only II follows
- 3) Only II and IV follow
- 5) None of these
- **38. Statements:** All doors are buses

All buses are leaves

No leaf is a flower

Conclusions: I. No flower is a door

II. No flower is a bus

III. Some leaves are doors

IV. Some leaves are buses

- 1) None follows
- 3) Only II and III follow
- 5) All follow
- 39. Statements: All tigers are rivers

No river is a forest

Some forests are goats

Conclusions: I. Some tigers are goats

II. Some rivers are goats

III. Some goats are tigers

IV. Some forests are tigers

- 1) Only II and III follow
- 3) Only III and IV follow
- 5) Only I and IV follow
- **40. Statements:** Some cars are windows

Some windows are trees

Some trees are peaks

- 2) None follows
- 4) Only I and III follow

- 2) Only I follows
- 4) Only II and III follow

- 2) Only I and II follow
- 4) Only II, III and IV follow

- 2) None follows
- 4) Only II and IV follow

Conclusions: I. Some peaks are cars

II. Some trees are cars

III. Some peaks are windows

IV. No car is a peak

1) Either I or II follows

2) Either I or III follows

3) Either I or IV follows

4) Either II or IV follows

5) Either III or IV follows

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (Q. 41 to 49): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ phrases in the passage are printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

A nine-member international task force on conservation of forests has identified India as one of 56 countries of the world which are critically affected by widespread deforestation and steady destruction of natural water-sheds: it has also warned that unless urgent conservation measures are taken the country will face a serious food crisis in the next century. The report correctly describes the Himalayan eco-system as the most critical watershed in the world, the degradation of which now threatens the very processes of life in the Indo-Gangetic plain. The report documents some aspects of the process of environmental destruction that is at work in this country and calls for an expenditure of about Rs.1,450 crores over the next five year period to reverse some of the damage that has taken place. While the task force report is a welcome reminder of the urgency of the task of halting and rolling back the most awesome form of destruction that this country has ever witnessed, it regrettably underestimates the magnitude of the effort involved and hence falls short of suggesting a comprehensive solution to the problem. For instance the five-year programme it recommends bears no relationship to the resources that will be actually needed even to reach a zero net rate of deforestation, which is proceeding at the furious pace of 1.3 million hectors a year.

Past experience shows that more than Rs.300 crores in government expenditure along are needed over four to five years at today's prices merely to plant less than a million hectares of land with fuel wood trees. Realistically Rs. 1,000 crores a year will be necessary for the next five years to sustain a plan that actually provides a forest cover to badly denuded land, promotes the planting of fuel wood trees on a sizeable scale and involves proper conservation measures. And on underestimation of the magnitude of such a plan is not the only flow in the report. An even more serious one, related to the first, lies in its failure to establish a coherent set of priorities among the different functions that an afforestation programme must perform. To take just one example, the vital task of planting of fuelwood and fodder trees is put on par with the planting of trees meet the raw material requirements of industries. Owing to this confusion, the task force falls short of recommending the king of radical measures that are really needs, including a moratorium on the development of, and in some areas phasing out of, wood-based industries: steps against the spreading of monocultures and entrusting afforestation programmes to the people in the affected regions rather than the government machinery.

- **41.** What seems to have been the immediate cause for writing the passage?
 - 1) Danger of Famine
 - 2) Scarcity of Water
 - 3) Report of the international task force on conservation of forests
 - 4) Planning for 21st century
 - 5) Scarcity of raw materials to industries.

- **42.** The author's chief concern appears to be the
 - 1) Conservation of forests
 - 2) Destruction of natural watersheds
 - 3) Degradation of Himalayan eco-system
 - 4) Radical measures for afforestation
 - 5) Report of the International task force
- **43.** According to the passage all of the following would prove radical measures to boost up the afforestation programmes, Except-
 - 1) Entrusting the programmes to people in the affected regions
 - 2) Entrusting the programmes to the Government.
 - 3) Moratorium on the development of wood-based industries
 - 4) Phasing out of the development of wood-based industries
 - 5) Steps against spreading of monocultures
- **44.** In order to reverse the damage caused by deforestation, the International task force has estimated that India, in a period of five years, will be required to incur a total expenditure of about Rs.
 - 1) 300 Crores
- 2) 1,000 crores
- 3) 1,450 crores
- 4) 5,000 crores

- 5) 7,250 crores
- **45.** Life in the Indo-Gangetic plain in India is in danger because of
 - 1) Identification of this region as "critically affected" by the International task force
 - 2) Underestimation of the critical nature of the Himalayan watershed.
 - 3) Underestimation of the destruction of the Himalayan eco-system
 - 4) Destruction of the Himalayan eco-system
 - 5) Faulty planning
- **46.** The International task force has NOT
 - 1) Emphasised the urgency of tackling the problem of deforestation
 - 2) Emphasised the urgency of tackling the problem of destruction of natural watersheds.
 - 3) Underestimated the magnitude of the problem of deforestation
 - 4) Underestimated the magnitude of the problem of natural watersheds
 - 5) Suggested a comprehensive scheme for dealing with the problem of deforestation
- 47. In the afforestation programme, planting of fuel-wood trees and fodder-trees is considered on par with the planting of trees which meet the demands of raw materials of industries because-
 - 1) All these plants are equally important
 - 2) Of the underestimation of the magnitude of the problem
 - 3) Of the lack of comprehensive approach
 - 4) Of the inadequate budgetary provision
 - 5) Of the confusion in assigning priorities among the different functions of the programmes.

48.	Shortage of which of the taken in order to stop deg	<u> </u>		f proper measures are not
	1) Water	2) Food	3) Fodder	4) Fuel wood
	5) Raw materials to wood	d based industries.		X.
49.	Which of the following s	tatements is NOT TRUE	in the context of the passa	age?
	1) The task force report of	contains a feasible solutio	n to the problem	
	2) India is one of the cou	ntries which have been a	ffected by deforestation	2.
	3) The damage caused du	e to deforestation can be	partially reversed	
	4) India might face food	crisis if conservation mea	asures are not adopted	
	5) The task force's report	is not free from any shor	rt-coming.	
	etions (Q. 50 to 52): Chooled as used in the passage.	ose the word that is most	nearly the SAME in the n	neaning as the word given
50.	Sustain	, , 10 '		
	1) Nourish	2) Prolong	3) Implement	4) Support
	5) Prove	30"		
51.	Function			
	1) Occupation	2) Purpose	3) Ceremony	4) Activity
	5) Variable			
52.	Pace			0,
<	1) Momentum	2) Rate	3) Progress	4) Gait
	5) Measure			2 • *
	etions (Q. 53 to 55): Choo in the passage.	se the word that is most (OPPOSITE in meaning of	the word given in bold as
53.	Underestimates			
	1) Overemphasises	2) Oversimplies	3) Exaggerates	4) Judges
	5) Overbears	~	.0-	
54.	Short	40,		
	1) Lack	2) Unnecessary	3) Long	4) Tall
	5) Adequate	20.		
55.	Critically	700		
	1) Substantially	2) Superficially	3) Negligibly	4) Largely
	5) Unduly			
the pl	etions (Q. 56 to 60): Which has printed in bold to make orrection required mark (5)	ake the sentence gramma	_	_
56.	All nation must first beco	ome agricultural strong		
	1) Became agriculturally	strong	2) Become strong agricu	ılture
	3) Become a griculture st	trong	4) Become agriculturally	y strong
	5) No correction required	1		

www.eenadupratibha.net 57. The man began to panic because it was got dark 1) It has been getting 2) Had been situated by 3) It was getting 4) They had been getting 5) No correction required **58.** The scene of the incident was situated in a ruined palace. 1) Had situated in 2) Had been situated by 3) Was situated into 4) Had been situated into 5) No correction required **59.** Women always been held in high esteem in our country. 2) Were always been held 1) Have always been held 3) Had always held 4) Were always been holding 5) No correction required **60.** They had taken captive by the tribals 1) Have taken 2) Were taken 3) Would take 4) Had been taking 5) No correction required **Directions (Q. 61 to 70):** In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case. Literacy is the great... (61)... of hour. Our democracy will run into... (62)... if we do not educate our ... (63) ... during the ... (64)..., students can spread out in the villages and teach villagers. It will be to the... (65)... benefit of both the parties. The students will have a welcome... (66).... in their routine and will come to ...(67)... a little about their country. On the other hand, the villagers will have... (68).. at their very door. The government can also come into the picture by...(69)... some financial help by...(70)... of remuneration. **61.** 1) expectation 2) need 3) wanting 4) claimant 5) quality **62.** 1) autocracy 2) dark 3) monarchy 4) wilderness 5) difficulties **63.** 1) representatives 2) leaders 3) voters 4) masses 5) students 64. 1) examinations 2) discussions 3) vacation 4) Schooling 5) Extreme **65.** 1) mutual 3) immense 2) least 4) greatest 5) extreme

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3) preoccupation

3) know

4) celebration

4) help

2) gathering

2) socialise

1) function

5) change

1) cater

5) rescue

66.

67.

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68.	1) education	2) books	3) facilities	4) students
	5) learnt		-,	.,
69.	1) expecting	2) seeking	3) generating	4) rendering
	4) applying	, 8	2) 62 2 33 8	
70.	1) funding	2) way	3) value	4) virtue
	5) strength	, ,	,	
the p	ections (Q. 71 to 75): Which hrase printed in bold type to (5), i.e. No correction requirements	o make the sentence gran		_
71.	If Indian people are unite	d, this nation can become	e a source of strength for t	he entire world
	1) Could become a resour	rce of	2) Can become resource	ful for
	3) Would be a source in		4) Can become a source	with
	5) No correction required	447		
72.	All their efforts were dire	ect to promote harmony a	among various groups of p	people.
	1) Were directing to	3.	2) Were directed at	
	3) Have directed for		4) Were directed to	
	5) No correction required	1		
73.	What did happen there in	the first place is not a m	atter of our concern.	X
	1) what happens		2) what would have happ	pened
	3) what happened		4) what should have hap	pened
	5) No correction required	[2.
74.	The speaker highlighted t	the contribution of wome	n for bringing about socia	l changes
	1) For bringing in		2) In bringing of	
	3) For the brought over		4) In bringing about	
	5) No correction required		9.	
75.	Such inequalities can be to	founded enshrined in the	constitutions of other cour	ntries also.
	1) Could have been found	ded	2) Can be found	
	3) Could be founded	0.0	4) Could have found	
	5) No correction required	10-		
sente word	ections (Q. 76 to 80): In ence there are five pairs of s can be filled up in the singfully complete.	words denoted by number	ers (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5	5). Find out which pair of
76.	If public sector units	to attain profit, they sh	nould get rid of measures.	
	1) Fail, Healthy		2) Determine, Cheap	
	3) Expect, Strong		4) Decide, Populist	
	5) Try, Modern			
77.	His at work is the re	esult of his		

1) Concentration, Negligence

2) Indulgence, Wastefulness

3) Diligence, Honesty

4) Negligence, Honesty

5) Thoughtfulness, Apathy

78. The bag was so that he couldcarry it.

1) Shabby, Not

2) Full, Seldom

3) Bulky, Never

4) Filled, Often

5) Heavy, Hardly

79. Two of the were arrested against whom the police had a complaint.

1) Prisoners, Received

2) Criminals, Entered

3) Accused, Registered

4) Complainants, Entered

5) Accomplices, Initiated

80. The demand to the culture of the city was long with the Government.

1) Preserve, Pending

2) Demolish, Lasting

3) Protect, Disposing

4) Explore, Cherished

5) Maintain, Laying

NUMERICAL ABILITY

Directions (81 – 105): What will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

81. 16985 – 2986 – 3427 = ?

1) 10672

2) 10472

3) 10572

4) 10582

5) None of these

82.
$$\frac{68 \times 12 - 6 \times 36}{15 \times 18 + \sqrt{900}} = ?$$

1) 4

2) 5

3) 6

4) 2

5) None of these

83. $16\sqrt{?} + 132 = 340$

1) 169

2) 193

3) 331.75

4) 269

5) None of these

84. 35% of $35 + 12.75 \times 80 = ?$

1) 1032.25

2) 1132.25

3) 1032.75

4) 1222.25

5) None of these

85. $2964 \div 24 + 28 = ?$

1) 152.5

2) 151.5

3) 150.5

4) 151.75

86.
$$13 \frac{7}{8} + 12 \frac{1}{8} - 2 \frac{1}{4} = ?$$

- 1) 22 $\frac{3}{4}$ 2) 23 $\frac{2}{3}$
- 3) 23 $\frac{3}{4}$

5) None of these

87.
$$16 \frac{3}{4} \times 3 \frac{1}{5} + 2 \frac{5}{4} = ?$$

- 1) $28 \frac{1}{5}$
- 2) $100 \frac{1}{5}$

5) None of these

88.
$$89.2642 - 24.358 + 16.439 = ?$$

- 1) 48.4672
- 2) 49.4782
- 3) 81.2352
- 4) 81.3452

5) None of these

1) 300

3) 30

4) 40

5) None of these

90.
$$676 \div (40 + 12) \times 115 = ?$$

- 1) 1495
- 2) 1496.9
- 3) 3323.5
- 4) 1496

5) None of these

91.
$$8975 - 125 \times 13 + 45 = ?$$

- 1) 1725
- 2) 115095
- 3) 7495
- 4) 4795

5) None of these

92.
$$9.64 \times 5.25 + 6.75 \times 8 = ?$$

- 1) 106.61
- 2) 105.61
- 3) 111.78
- 4) 91.61

5) None of these

- 1) 282.5
- 2) 180
- 3) 2105
- 4) 210.6

5) None of these

94.
$$(26)^2 + 14 \times 15 = ?$$

1) 887

- 2) 10340
- 3) 500
- 4) 9880

5) None of these

95.
$$500.5 \div 5.5 \div 0.5 = ?$$

- 1) 45.5
- 2) 17820
- 3) 181.2
- 4) 182

5) None of these

- 1) 47716
- 2) 27628
- 3) 37617
- 4) 27716

- **97.** 4256 ? = 7367 4909.
 - 1) 1798
- 2) 3468
- 3) 1898
- 4) 789

- 5) None of these
- **98.** $1892 \frac{4}{5}$ of 1675 = ? 768
 - 1) 1320
- 2) 985
- 3) 1211
- 4) 1614.4

- 5) None of these
- **99.** $375 \div 50 + 45 15 = ?$
 - 1) 77.50
- 2) 28.6875
- 3) 11

4) 45.15

- 5) None of these
- **100.** $7005 \frac{4}{7}$ of $9800 + \frac{5}{7}$ of 560 = ?
 - 1) 6245
- 2) 1065
- 3) 1965
- 4) 2965

- 5) None of these
- **101.** $22 \times 36 + 44 \div 5 = ?$
 - 1) 700.5
- 2) 202.4
- 3) 342
- 4) 800.8

- 5) None of these
- **102.** $0.05 \times 0.65 + 0.35 0.07 = ?$
 - 1) $\frac{0.05}{0.07}$
- 2) 5.0325
- 3) 0.1625
- 4) 0.2825

- 5) None of these
- **103.** $\sqrt{3.6 0.36} = ?$
 - 1) 10.4966
- 2) 12.8404
- 3) 1.8

4) 5.84

- 5) None of these
- **104.** $\frac{6}{7} + \frac{35}{42} + 1\frac{1}{7} = ?$
 - 1) $2\frac{5}{35}$
- 2) $2\frac{8}{35}$
- 3) 2 $\frac{4}{35}$
- 4) $\frac{86}{35}$

- 5) None of these
- **105.** $0.8 \times 42 36 \times 0.7 = ?$
 - 1) 8/1

- 2) 18.4
- 3) 28.4
- 4) 38.4

- 5) None of these
- **106.** The difference between two digit numbers is 12 and their ratio is 7 : 6. What is the sum of these two digits?
 - 1) 70

2) 86

- 3) 156
- 4) Data inadequate

					_		
107.	What sl	hould re	eplace th	e ques	tion mark (?) in the fo	ollowing number series?	
	256	64	128	32	64 ?		
	1) 128			2)	32	3) 16	4) 96
	5) None	e of the	se				
108.	Which	of the f	ollowing	fracti	ons is in ascending or	der?	200
	1) $\frac{5}{6}$,	$\frac{6}{7}$, $\frac{11}{13}$	$\frac{16}{17}$			$2) \ \frac{6}{7}, \ \frac{5}{6}, \ \frac{11}{13}, \ \frac{16}{17}$	2.
	3) $\frac{11}{13}$,	$\frac{16}{17}$, $\frac{6}{7}$	$\frac{5}{6}$			4) $\frac{11}{13}$, $\frac{11}{17}$, $\frac{5}{6}$, $\frac{6}{7}$	
	5) $\frac{5}{6}$,	$\frac{11}{13}$, $\frac{6}{7}$	$\frac{16}{17}$			247	
109.	Find the	e averag	ge of the	follov	ving set of scores.	0.	
	746	1020	321	63	12 428 1	44 226	
	1) 368.	75		2)	360	3) 370	4) 367.5
	5) None	e of the	se		20,		
110.	He mix	_	wo and s		_	er kg and 50 kg of rice at approximately what per ce	the rate of Rs. 14 per kg. ent of profit did he earn in
	1) 20 5) 30	n.		2)	22	3) 25	4) 28
111.	Twelve	men ca	ın compl	ete a p	piece of work in 33 da	ys. If the work is to be co	ompleted in eighteen days
	how ma	any add	itional m	nen wi	ll have to be taken?		2 •
	1) 18			2)	22	3) 10	4) Data inadequate
	5) None	e of the	se			, O,	
112.	What sl	hould co	ome in th	ne plac	ce of question mark (?) in the following number	r series?
	1) 134			2)	78	3) 202	4) 135
		e of the				, 0	
113.		neters long in in km.	_	cross	es a railway platform	of equal length in 11 seco	onds. What is the speed of
	1) 99.7	3		2)	100.73	3) 104.63	4) Data inadequate
	5) None	e of the	se	0	0		
114.					a number the new number?	mber becomes 75 per cer	nt of the original number.
	1) 55	y.		2)	$73\frac{1}{3}$	3) 165	4) Data inadequate
<	5) None	e of the	se				
115.	What sl	hould re	eplace th	e ques	tion mark (?) in the fo	ollowing number series?	
	15, 39	112	332 93	33 ?			
	1) 2979)		2)	2973	3) 2976	4) 2977
	5) None	a of the	0.0				

116.	Five-sixth dozen of apple	es cost Rs. 30. What will	be the cost of seven and h	alf dozen apples?
	1) Rs. 188	2) Rs. 375	3) Rs. 225	4) Rs. 270
	5) None of these			
117.	Nine-seventh time of a ne	umber exceeds it one-thir	ed by 60. What is 25% of t	hat number?
	1) 15.75	2) 30	3) 15.25	4) 63
	5) None of these			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
118.	If 248* is exactly divisib	le by 9. What digit should	d come in place of *?	9-
	1) 6	2) 3	3) 4	4) 2
	5) None of these			
119.	In the following number	series only one number is	s wrong. Find out that wro	ong number?
	2, 6, 30, 210, 2520, 2079	0	.0-	
	1) 30	2) 6	3) 210	4) 2520
	5) None of these	717.2		
120.				for remaining six days a 124. What is the sales on
	1) Rs. 21704	2) Rs. 23220	3) Rs. 20188	4) Data inadequate
	5) None of these			×
121.	'C' in CPU denotes	COMPUTER KI	NOWLEDGE	Je
	1) Central	2) Common	3) Convenient	4) Computer
	5) Circuitry		. 10	O-
122.	A joystick is primarily us	sed to/for	7,0%	
	1) Control sound on the s	screen	2) Computer gaming	
	3) Enter text		4) Draw pictures	
	5) Print text			
123.	Which is not a storage de	evice?		
	1) A CD	2) A DVD	3) A floppy disk	4) A Printer
	5) A hard disk	3.0		
124.	Which of the following u	ises a handheld operating	system?	
	1) A super computer		2) A personal computer	
	3) A laptop		4) A mainframe	5) A PDA
125.	To display the contents o			
<	1) Click on it	2) Collapse it	3) Name it	4) Give it a password
101	5) Rename if		** **	
126.	The CPU comprises of C	•		4) POM
	 Microprocessor Input 	2) Arithmetic/Logic	3) Output	4) ROM
	J) IIIDUL			

www.eenadupratibha.net **127.** is the most important/ powerful computer in a typical network. 2) Network client 3) Network server 1) Desktop 4) Network station 5) Network switch **128.** A(n) ... appearing on a web page opens another document when clicked. 4) Reference 1) Anchor 2) URL 3) Hyperlink 5) Heading **129.** Which of the following refers to the rectangular area for displaying information and running programs? 4) Window 1) Desktop 2) Dialog box 3) Menu 5) Icon 130. ... is a windows utility program that locates and eliminates unnecessary fragments and rearranges files and unused disk space to optimise operations. 1) Backup 2) Disk cleanup 3) Disk defragmenter 4) Restore 5) Disk resorter **131.** Which of the following refers to too much electricity and may cause a voltage surge? 2) Shock 1) Anomaly 3) Spike 4) Virus 5) Splash 132. The software that is used to create text-based documents are referred to as 1) DBMS 3) Spreadhseets 2) Suites 4) presentation Software 5) Word processors 133. ... devices convert human-understandable data and programs into a form that the computer can process. 4) Monitor 1) Printing 2) Output 3) Solid state 5) Input **134.** Where you are likely to find an embedded operating system? 1) On a desktop operating system 2) On a networked PC 4) On a PDA 3) On a network server 5) On a mainframe 135. An online discussion group that allows direct 'live' communication is known as 1) webcrawler 2) chat group 3) regional service provider 4) hyperlink 5) e-mail 136. Computers manipulate data in many ways, and this manipulation is called 1) upgrading 2) processing 3) batching 4) utilizing 5) downloading

restore those files using the copy. 1) mirror 2) hot file 3) print out 4) hotspot

5) backup

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137. Creating a ... means making a duplicate copy of important files so that when a problem occurs, you can

www.eenadupratibha.net **138.** The main system board of a computer is called the 1) integrated circuit 2) motherboard 4) microchip 3) processor 5) drive board **139.** Peripheral devices such as printers and monitors are considered to be 1) hardware 2)software 3) data 4) information 5) source code **140.** In a computer, most of the prospecting takes place in 4) Motherboard 1) Memory 2) RAM 5) ALU **141.** To change selected text to all capital letters, click the change case button, then click. 1) UPPERCASE 2) UPPERALL 3) CAPLOCK 4) Lock upper 5) Large size **142.** A person who used his or her "expertise to gain access to other people's computers to get information illegally or do damage is a... 2) Analyst 1) Hacker 3) Instant Messenger 4) Programmer 5) Stammer **143.** Where you are likely to find an embedded operating system? 1) On a desktop operating system 2) On a networked PC 3) On a networked server 4) On a PDA 5) On a mainframe **144.** Reusable optical storage will typically have the acronym... 1) CD 2) DVD 3) ROM 4) RW 5) ROS 145. an online discussion group that allows direct "live" communication is known as... 1) Web Crawler 2) chat group 3) regional service provider 4) hyperlink 5) e-mail **146.** Codes consisting of lines of varying widths or lengths that are computer readable are known as ... 2) a magnetic tape 1) an ASCII code 3) an OCR scanner 4) a bar code 5) None of these **147.** A web site's main page is called its 1) Home Page 2) Browser Page 3) Search Page 4) Bookmark 5) None of these 148. Which of the following is a program that user a variety of different approaches to identify and

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2) Anti-spam program

4) Web store front creation package

eliminate spam?

3) Web server

5) Virus

1) Directory search

149.	To access properties of an	n object, the mouse techn	ique to use is	
	1) Dragging	2) dropping	3) right-clicking	4) shift-clicking
	5) None of these			
150.	Computer use the n	umber system to store da	ta and perform calculation	ıs.
	1) Binary	2) Octal	3) Decimal	4) hexadecimal
	5) None of these			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
151.	are attempt by indivi-	duals to obtain confident	ial information from you b	by falsifying their identify.
	1) Phishing trips	2) Computer virus	3) Spyware scams	4) Viruses
	5) None of these			
152.	Why is it unethical to sha	are copyrighted files with	your friends?	
	1) it is not unethical beca	use it is legal	0-	
	2) it is unethical because	the files are being given	for free	
	3) Sharing copyrighted fi	les without permission be	eing copyright lews	
	4) it is not unethical beca	use the files are being gi	ven for free	
	5) it is not unethical-anyo	one can access a compute	er	
153.	Which of the following c	an be used to select the e	entire document?	
	1) CTRL + A	2) ALT + F5	3) SHIFT + A	4) CTRL + K
	5) CTRL + H			0,
154.	The system unit			
	1) coordinates input and o	-		3 • / "
	2) is the container that ho	ouses electronic compone	nts	9.
	2) is the container that ho3) is a combination of ha	buses electronic componerdware and software	ents	9.
	2) is the container that ho3) is a combination of ha4) controls and manipulate	ouses electronic compone rdware and software tes data	ents	9.
	2) is the container that ho3) is a combination of hat4) controls and manipulat5) does the arithmetic ope	ouses electronic compone rdware and software tes data erations	25,701,	9.
155.	 2) is the container that ho 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 	ouses electronic componerdware and software tes data erations sing of two or more programs.	rams by multiple processo	
	 2) is the container that ho 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 1) multi programming 	ouses electronic compone rdware and software tes data erations	25,701,	ors is 4) multi processing
155.	 2) is the container that he 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 1) multi programming 5) None of these 	ouses electronic componerdware and software tes data erations sing of two or more program 2) multi tasking	rams by multiple processor 3) times-sharing	4) multi processing
	 2) is the container that ho 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 1) multi programming 5) None of these A disk's content that is re- 	ouses electronic componerdware and software tes data erations sing of two or more program 2) multi tasking	rams by multiple processor 3) times-sharing	
155.	2) is the container that he 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 1) multi programming 5) None of these A disk's content that is recuser is	ouses electronic componerdware and software tes data erations sing of two or more program 2) multi tasking	rams by multiple processor 3) times-sharing	4) multi processing
155.	 2) is the container that ho 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 1) multi programming 5) None of these A disk's content that is re- 	puses electronic compone rdware and software tes data erations sing of two or more progr 2) multi tasking	rams by multiple processor 3) times-sharing nufacture and that cannot be	4) multi processing be change or erased by the
155.	2) is the container that he 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 1) multi programming 5) None of these A disk's content that is recuser is 1) memory-only	ouses electronic componerdware and software tes data erations sing of two or more program 2) multi tasking corded at the time of mar 2) write-only	rams by multiple processor 3) times-sharing nufacture and that cannot be 3) once-only	4) multi processing be change or erased by the
155. 156.	2) is the container that he 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 1) multi programming 5) None of these A disk's content that is reuser is 1) memory-only 5) read-only	ouses electronic componerdware and software tes data erations sing of two or more program 2) multi tasking corded at the time of mar 2) write-only	rams by multiple processor 3) times-sharing nufacture and that cannot be 3) once-only	4) multi processing be change or erased by the
155. 156.	2) is the container that he 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 1) multi programming 5) None of these A disk's content that is re- user is 1) memory-only 5) read-only What is the permanent m	puses electronic componer rdware and software tes data erations sing of two or more progr 2) multi tasking corded at the time of mar 2) write-only	rams by multiple processor 3) times-sharing nufacture and that cannot be 3) once-only mputer called?	4) multi processingbe change or erased by the4) run-only
155. 156.	2) is the container that he 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 1) multi programming 5) None of these A disk's content that is re- user is 1) memory-only 5) read-only What is the permanent m 1) RAM	puses electronic componerdware and software tes data erations sing of two or more program 2) multi tasking corded at the time of mar 2) write-only emory built into your cord 2) Floppy	rams by multiple processor 3) times-sharing nufacture and that cannot be 3) once-only mputer called?	4) multi processingbe change or erased by the4) run-only
155. 156.	2) is the container that he 3) is a combination of hat 4) controls and manipulat 5) does the arithmetic ope The simultaneous process 1) multi programming 5) None of these A disk's content that is re- user is 1) memory-only 5) read-only What is the permanent m 1) RAM 5) ROM	puses electronic componerdware and software tes data erations sing of two or more program 2) multi tasking corded at the time of mar 2) write-only emory built into your cord 2) Floppy	rams by multiple processor 3) times-sharing nufacture and that cannot be 3) once-only mputer called?	4) multi processingbe change or erased by the4) run-only

- **159.** System software
 - 1) allows the user to diagnose and troubleshoot the device
 - 2) is a programming language
 - 3) is part of productivity suite
 - 4) is an optional form of software
 - 5) helps the computer manage internal resources
- **160.** In Word you can force a page break
 - 1) By positing your cursor at the appropriate place and pressing the F1 key
 - 2) By positing your cursor at the appropriate place and pressing Ctrl + Enter
 - 3) By using the insert/Section break
 - 4) By changing the font size of your document
 - 5) None of these

ANSWERS

1-5; 2-5; 3-3; 4-5; 5-4; 6-1; 7-4; 8-2; 9-3; 10-5; 11-1; 12-2; 13-4; 14-3; 15-4; 16-1; 17-4; 18-2; 19-5; 20-3; 21-3; 22-1; 23-2; 24-4; 25-5; 26-3; 27-1; 28-2; 29-4; 30-5; 31-3;32-2; 33-5; 34-5; 35-1; 36-4; 37-1; 38-5; 39-2; 40-3; 41-3; 42-1; 43-2; 44-3; 45-4; 46-5; 47-5; 48-2; 49-1; 50-3; 51-4; 52-2; 53-2; 54-5; 55-3; 56-4; 57-3; 58-5; 59-1; 60-2; 61-2; 62-5; 63-4; 64-3; 65-1; 66-5; 67-3; 68-1; 69-4; 70-2; 71-5; 72-4; 73-3; 74-4; 75-2; 76-1; 77-3; 78-5; 79-3; 80-2; 81-3; 82-4; 83-1; 84-1; 85-2; 86-3; 87-5; 88-4; 89-3; 90-1; 91-5; 92-5; 93-2; 94-5; 95-4; 96-5; 97-1; 98-1; 99-5; 100-5; 101-4; 102-5; 103-3; 104-5; 105-1; 106-3; 107-3; 108-5; 109-3; 110-1; 111-3; 112-2; 113-5; 114-5; 115-4; 116-4; 117-1; 118-3; 119-4; 120-2; 121-1; 122-1; 123-4; 124-5; 125-1; 126-2; 127-3; 128-3; 129-4; 130-3; 131-3; 132-5; 133-5; 134-4; 135-2; 136-2; 137-5; 138-2; 139-1; 140-3; 141-1; 142-1; 143-4; 144-4; 145-2; 146-4; 147-1; 148-2; 149-3; 150-1; 151-1; 152-3; 153-1; www.eenadureratile 154-1; 155-2; 156-5; 157-5; 158-3; 159-5; 160-3.