IBPS RRB'S

OFFICERS SCALE EXAM - 2014

BASED ON MEMORY

REASONING

Directions (Q. 1 - 2): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

- ★ There is a family of seven persons representing three generations.
- ★ There are two married couples.
- ★ Ramcharan, the lawyer, is father of Rohit and has two grand children.
- ★ Monica, the doctor, is sister of the teacher.
- ★ Sudha, the daughter-in-law of Asha, is married to the teacher.
- ★ Shikha, the grand daughter of one of the housewives, is studying in 8th standard.
- ★ The peon is the grandson of Asha.
- 1. What is the profession of Rohit?

1) Teacher

2) Lawyer

3) Student

4) Peon

- 5) Can't say
- 2. Which of the following groups is associated with all three generations?
 - 1) Rohit, Monica and Shikha

2) Rohit, Asha and Shika

3) Ramcharan, Monica and Sudha

4) Rohit, Ramcharan and Asha

5) None of these

Directions (Q. 3 - 7): These questions consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data given in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and choose the most appropriate option.

- 3. In which month of the year did Rahul go abroad of a vacation?
 - I. Rahul correctly remembers that he went for a vacation in the first half of the year.
 - II. Rahul's son correctly remembers that he went for a vacation after 31st March but before 1st May.
 - 1) The data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question
 - 2) The data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the questions.
 - 3) The data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 - 4) The data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 - 5) The data even in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the questions.

- **4.** Among friends M, N, O, P, Q and R, who is the second heaviest?
 - I. O is heavier than only two friends, P is heavier than O but lighter than N, R is the heaviest.
 - II. M is lighter than only two friends. N is heavier than O but lighter than R. P is heavier than only Q.
 - 1) The data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.
 - 2) The data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question,
 - 3) The data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 - 4) The data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 - 5) The data even in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
- **5.** How many marks did Suman score in the twenty-mark exam?
 - I. Suman scored two-digit marks and her marks was not in odd numbers.
 - II. Suman scored more than 14 but less than 18 marks.
 - 1) The data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 - 2) The data either is statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.
 - 3) The data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 - 4) The data even in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
 - 5) The data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.
- **6.** Among six people E, F, G, H, I and J standing around a circle facing the centre, what is the position of G with respect of F?
 - I. E stands second to the right of G. Only one person stands between E and I. F is an immediate neighbour of G.
 - II. Only two people sit between G and H. H is an immediate neighbour of both I and E. F is not an immediate neighbour of I.
 - 1) The data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 - 2) The data either in statement I alone or in the statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.
 - 3) The data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
 - 4) The data even in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
 - 5) The data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.
- 7. Who among P, Q, R, S and T is the tallest?
 - I. P is taller than Q. T is not the tallest.
 - II. R is taller than P. S is not the tallest.
 - 1) The data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.
 - 2) The data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.

- 3) The data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
- 4) The data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
- 5) The data even in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Direc	tions (Q. 8 - 9): Read the	given information carefu	ully and answer the given of	questions.		
U. Q 63 Kg	is lighter than only P. T i		different weight. R is heavight 50 Kg. The one who			
8.	Whose weigh could possi	bly be 49 Kg?	× 7.2			
	1) S	2) Q	3) P	4) R		
	5) U		. 0			
9.	Which of the following w	veights correctly represent	its possible weight of R?			
	1) 65 Kg	2) 48 Kg	3) 67 Kg	4) 61 Kg		
	5) 63 Kg	30				
Direc	tions (Q.10): Study the fol	llowing information care	fully and answer the given	questions.		
10.	As more and more NRIs i a large number of people		A, more than 1000000 flat ommodation in the city.	s are lying vacant even as		
the sit	Which of the following tuation?	g statements represents th	ne best possible course of a	ction in order to deal with		
	1) A vacancy tax should b	be introduced in order to	compel the owners to at le	east rent out the property.		
	2) Purchase of property sl	hould not be allowed unl	ess it is used for self-resid	ential purpose.		
	3) No NRI should be allo of the residents.	wed to invest in propert	y anywhere in India in ord	ler to protect the interests		
	4) Residents of City A sho is comparatively low.	ould be advised to reside	in neighbouring cities who	ere the population density		
	5) Property prices should buy as many properties		ly by the government in o	rder to allow everyone to		
11.			B is 120. If 15 students fr			
	added to Class B, the num Class A in the beginning.	nber of Class B becomes	twice that of A. Find out	the number of students in		
	1) 55	2) 65	3) 40	4) 80		
	5) 66					
12.	2. How many such pairs of letters are three in the word SCHEDULE, each of which has as many letters between them in the word (in both forward and backward directions) as they have between them in the English alphabetical series?					
	1) Three		2) None			
	3) More than three		4) One			

5) Two

Directions (Q.13): Read the following information carefully and answer the question that follows.

13. If has been recently reported that the country's low cost domestic airline recently lost as many 40 commanders or senior pilots mainly to Gulf airlines in the last one year. "Gulf airlines have hired many pilots in big numbers in recent months and most of the senior pilots have opted for these airline for quite some time," source said.

Which of the following statements represents an appropriate course of action to be taken by the airline in order to curtail this problem?

- 1) The airline should increase the salary of all the employees and increment of the employees should be as per their grade.
- 2) The airline should examine the reason for the high rate of attrition among senior employees and should focus on dealing with the concerns of the employees.
- 3) The airline should recruit only those pilots who are willing to sign a bond of 5 years.
- 4) The airline should improve their recruitment policies and should test the loyalty and integrity of the employees before they decide to hire them.
- 5) The airline should focus on recruiting younger pilots and providing them with good training rather than focusing on retaining senior pilots.
- **14.** Which of the following will come in the place of the question mark (?) in the following series based on the English alphabetical order?

AN CQ ET GW?

1) HZ

2) GY

3) IZ

4) HY

5) IX

Directions (Q. 15 – 19): In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by conclusions. Study the conclusions based on the given statement(s) and select the appropriate answer.

15. Statement: $P < L \le A > M = K \ge E$

Conclusions: I. K < L II. P < E

1) Only conclusion II is true.

- 2) Either conclusion I or II is true.
- 3) Both conclusions I and II are true.
- 4) Neither conclusion I nor II is true.

5) Only conclusion I is true.

16. Statements: P > R = A < Y: D < A

Conclusions: I. P > D II. D < Y

- 1) Both conclusions I and II are true.
- 2) Only conclusion I is true.
- 3) Neither conclusion I nor II is true.
- 4) Either conclusion I or II is true.

5) Only conclusion II is true.

17. Statements: P > R = A < Y; D < A

Conclusions: I. P < Y II. $R \le D$

- 1) Both conclusions I and II are true.
- 2) Neither conclusion I nor II is true.

3) Only conclusion I is true.

- 4) Only conclusion II is true.
- 5) Either conclusion I or II is true.

18.	Statements: $C \ge R > A =$	$S \leq H, R < P < Q$		
	Conclusions: I. C > S	II. $P < C$		
	1) Either conclusion I or	II is true.	2) Both conclusions I an	nd II are true.
	3) Only conclusion II is t	rue.	4) Neither conclusion I i	nor II is true.
	5) Only conclusion I is tr	ue.		200
19.	Statements: $C \ge R > A$	$= S \le H; R < P < Q$		• > -
	Conclusions: I. $H \ge R$	II. $R < Q$. 10	0-
	1) Both conclusion I and	II are true.	2) Only conclusion II is	true.
	3) Only conclusion I is tr	ue.	4) Either conclusion I or	II is true.
	5) Neither conclusion I n	or II is true.	2	
Direc	ctions (Q. 20 - 24): Study	the following information	n to answer the questions.	
is wr	en as 'kt la vm pl', 'urban p itten as 'pl cu dm zu' (All c	lanning more important' codes are two-letter codes	is written as 'ti na cu bu' a only.)	o in rural infrastructure' is and 'more divide than gap'
20.	What is the code for 'and			4) 1
	1) ku	2) zu	3) dm	4) la
21.	5) na Which of the following n	nay represent 'important t	heory planning' in the giv	en code language?
<	1) la bu ti	2) ti bu kt	3) bu pl ti	4) bu xt ti
	5) gm ti vm			2.
22.	Which of the following re	epresent 'more rural' in th	e given code language?	O
	1) cu pl	2) vm la	3) la cu	4) cu ti
	5) la ku		X	
23.	What does the code 'dm'	stand for in the given coo	le language?	
	1) Either 'gap' or 'more'	2) than	3) divide	4) more
	5) gap	217.2		
24.	What is the code for 'infr	astructure' in the given co	ode language?	
	1) zu	2) na	3) Either 'kt' or 'vm'	4) pi
	5) la			
25.	How many meaningful E letter only once in each w	-	ed with letters 'NOEC' usi	ing all the letters, but each
	1) Three	2) None	3) One	4) Two
	5) More than three			
Direc	ctions (Q. 26 - 30): In eac	h question there are three	statements followed by t	wo conclusions numbered

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statements disregarding commonly known facts.

I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seem to be a variance with commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given

26. Statements: All railways are trains.

No train is a station.

Some stations are platforms.

Conclusions: I. All railways being platforms is a possibility.

II. No railway is a station.

1) Only conclusion I follows.

2) Only conclusion II follow.

3) Both conclusion I and II follow.

4) Either conclusion I or II follows.

5) Neither conclusion I nor II follows.

27. Statements: All erasers are sharpners.

All sharpners are pencils.

Some pencils are pens.

Conclusions: I. No eraser is a pen.

II. All pencils are sharpners.

1) Only conclusion I follows.

2) Only conclusion II follows.

3) Either conclusion I or II follows.

4) Neither conclusion I nor II follows.

5) Both conclusions I and II follow.

28. Statements: All winters are summers.

Some summers are springs.

Conclusions: I. Atleast some winters are springs.

II. Some autumns being summers is a possibility.

1) Either conclusion I or II follows.

2) Both conclusions I and II follow.

3) Only conclusion I follows.

4) Neither conclusion I nor II follows.

5) Only conclusion II follows.

29. Statements: All erasers are sharpners.

All sharpners are pencils.

Some pencils are pens.

Conclusions: I. Atleast some sharpners are pens.

II. No sharpener is a pen.

1) Either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

2) Both conclusions I and II follow.

3) Only conclusion I follows.

4) Neither conclusion I nor II follows.

5) Outer and the interest of the same

5) Only conclusion II follows.

30. Statements: All winters are summers.

Some summers are springs.

No spring is an autumn.

Conclusions: I. All summers can never be autumns.

II. Atleast some summers are winters.

- 1) Either conclusion I or II follows.
- 2) Both conclusions I and II follow.
- 3) Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- 4) Only conclusion I follows.

5) Only conclusion II follows.

Directions (*Q. 31 – 35*): Study the information and answer the given questions.

Seven people P, Q, R, S, T, U and V live on separate floors of a 7-floor building. Ground floor is numbered 1, first floor is numbered 2 and so on until the topmost floor in numbered 7. Each one of these is travelling to a different city, viz Delhi, Mumbai, Patna, Chennai, Kolkata, Bengaluru and Lucknow but not necessarily in the same order. Only three people live above the floor on which P lives. Only one person lives between P and the one travelling to Bengaluru. U lives immediately below the one travelling to Mumbai. The one travelling to Mumbai lives on an even numbered floor. Only three people live between the ones travelling to Bengaluru and Patna. T lives immediately above R. T is not travelling to Patna. Only two people live between Q and the one travelling to Kolkata. The one travelling to Kolkata lives below the floor on which Q lives. The one travelling to Delhi does not live immediately above or immediately below Q. S does not live immediately below P. V does not travel to Chennai.

- 31. Which of the following is true with respect to V as per the given information?
 - 1) The one who lives immediately below V is travelling to Mumbai.
 - 2) V lives on Floor No. 7
 - 3) V lives immediately below T.
 - 4) V lives on the lowermost floor.
 - 5) V is travelling to Bengaluru.
- **32.** Who among the following lives on floor no. 3?
 - 1) The one travelling to Chennai

2) The one travelling to Kolkata

3) R

4) V

5) T

- **33.** Who lives on the floor immediately above T?
 - 1) P

2) Q

3) S

4) **V**

5) U

- **34.** To which of the following cities is S travelling?
 - 1) Mumbai
- 2) Bengaluru
- 3) Patna

4) Kolkata

- 5) Chennai
- **35.** How many people live between the floors on which S and the one travelling to Mumbai live?
 - 1) None
- 2) Two
- 3) One
- 4) More than three

5) Three

Directions (Q. 36 – 40): Study the information and answer the question.

Nine friends A, B C, D, E, F, G, H and I are sitting around a circular table (with equal distances between each other) facing the centre, but not necessarily in the same order.

D sits second to the right of F. Only two people sit between D and C. H is an immediate neighbour of E. Neither H nor F is an immediate neighbour of C or D. Only two people sit between A and E. G sits third to the right of A. B sits second to the left of C. Only one person sits between C and E.

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36.	Who amongst the follow	ing sits exactly between A	and I, when counted from	n the left side of A?
	1) F	2) H	3) D	4) E
	5) C	,	,	,
37.	If E and B interchange th	neir places and so do A an	d C, then who sit exactly l	petween A and E?
	1) F	2) G	3) B	4) C
	5) I			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
38.		_	tain way based on the giv does not belong to the gro	
	1) B, A	2) I, E	3) A, D	4) G, C
	5) H, F			
39.	Who sits second to the ri	ght of G?	0	
	1) I	2) B	3) C	4) F
	5) F	700		
40.	Which of the following	should come in place of	question mark (?) accord	ding to the given seating
	arrangement?			
	1) I	2) B	3) D	4) G
	5) H	QUANTITATIVI	APTITUDE	X
41.	_	-	ce. He had bought is at a entage loss had he bought	
	1) 34		10	2) 18
	3) Data provided are not	adequate to answer the qu	uestion	
	4) 28			5) 16
Direc	tions (Q. 42 - 46): Refer	0 1		
	Data related to Income	-	hundred) of a businessn Expenditure	nan during 7 years
	900	- Income	820	
	800 E	720 73	80 740	
	ipu 700	720	700	
	exbe ag 600	660 620	580	
	pur sand 500	\vee	480	
	thought.	420 40		
	of income and es (in Rs.thousand) (200 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	360		
<	S S			
	200			
	₩ 100			

2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 Year

What is the average profit earned by the businessman in 2001, 2003, 2004, 2006 and 2007 together?

Note: 1) Profit = Income – Expenditure

42.

2) Loss = Expenditure – Income

3) Percent profit = (Profit/ Expenditure) \times 100

4) Percent loss = $(Loss/Expenditure) \times 100$

	1) Rs.27,400	2) Rs.28,800	3) Rs.29,200	4) Rs.26,800			
	5) Rs.28,400		10	3·°			
43.	What is the percentage loss incurred by the businessman in 2002 and 2005 together?						
	1) $36\frac{4}{11}$	2) $41\frac{9}{11}$	3) 34 7 11	4) $38\frac{1}{11}$			
	5) $32\frac{3}{11}$	~	.0.				
44.	_	tures of the businessman his income in that particu		13. If he earned a profit of			
	1) Rs.94,060	2) Rs.93,720	3) Rs.92,820	4) Rs.90,560			
	5) Rs.88,760	0.0					
45.	What is the approximate	percentage profit earned	by the businessman in 20	04 and 2007 together?			
	1) 73	2) 79	3) 77	4) 69			
	5) 64			2			
46.	What is the ratio of the p by him in 2002 and 2003	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ssman in 2003 and 2006 to	ogether to the loss incurred			
	1) 9:8	2) 11 : 8	3) 17 : 14	4) 7 : 6			
	5) 13:13		10()				
47.		-	ale students together is 18 nts are definitely there in	years. The total age of the the class?			
	1) 20		.2				
	2) 40						
	3) 30	4412					
	4) Data provided are ina	dequate to answer the que	estion				
	5) 25	29.					
	ctions $(Q. 48 - 52)$: In the give answer.	e given question two equa	tions are given. You have	to solve both the equations			
48.	I. $x^2 + 3x - 28 = 0$						
	II. $y^2 - y = 20 = 0$						
<	1) $x = y$ or relationship of	cannot be established					
	2) $x > y$						
	3) $x < y$						
	$4) x \ge y$						
	$5) x \le y$						
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49. I.
$$4x + 3y = (1600)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

II.
$$6x - 5y =$$

1)
$$x < y$$

2)
$$x \ge y$$

3)
$$x \le y$$

4)
$$x > y$$

5)
$$x = y$$
 or relationship cannot be established

50. I.
$$2x^2 + 18x + 40 = 0$$

II.
$$2y^2 + 15y + 27 = 0$$

1)
$$x < y$$

2)
$$x \ge y$$

3)
$$x \le y$$

4)
$$x > y$$

5)
$$x = y$$
 or relationship cannot be established

51. I.
$$6x^2 - 29x + 35 = 0$$

II.
$$3y^2 - 11y + 10 = 0$$

1)
$$x \ge y$$

2)
$$x = y$$
 or relationship cannot be established

3)
$$x \le y$$

4)
$$x > y$$

5)
$$x < y$$

52. I.
$$(6x^2 + 17) - (3x^2 + 20) = 0$$

II.
$$(5y^2 - 12) - (9y^2 - 16) = 0$$

1)
$$x < y$$

2)
$$x \ge y$$

3)
$$x \le y$$

4)
$$x > y$$

5) x = y or relationship cannot be established

Directions (Q. 53 - 57): What will come in place of question mark (?) in the given number series?

$$1) -7$$

$$2) -10$$

$$3) -12$$

$$4) - 14$$

$$5) -9$$

Directions (Q. 58 – 62): Study the table and answer the given questions.

Data related to the number of employees in six companies during 6 years

Note: M = Male, F = Female

Company]	[J	ŀ	ζ]	L	,	T	I	N C
$\overline{\text{Gender} \rightarrow}$	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Year↓												>
2004	142	136	144	111	138	97	162	145	148	121	145	118
2005	165	171	161	136	194	134	219	183	180	178	212	177
2006	139	145	164	157	152	129	178	191	212	162	241	184
2007	217	198	179	211	254	168	277	234	263	198	333	259
2008	265	232	348	356	238	278	298	313	310	216	321	316
2009	372	242	321	238	281	267	245	214	396	230	339	303

		l												
	2007	217	198	179	211	254	168	277	234	263	198	333	259	
	2008	265	232	348	356	238	278	298	313	310	216	321	316	
	2009	372	242	321	238	281	267	245	214	396	230	339	303	
58.	What is the di 2006 and the a					_			•	•		_		panies in
	1) 68		2	64			3)	58			4)) 52		
	5) 74	06												
59.	The total num percent more (Rounded off	than the	total	numbe	er of f								_	
	1) 20		2) 14			3)	18			4)) 12		
	5) 16										0	•		
60.	In which of th from previous	_	-	_	percen	tage in	crease	in the	numbe	er of n	nale em	nployee	es of co	ompany T
	1) 2009		2	2007			3)	2008	1		4)	2005		
	5) 2006							1/						
61.	The total numpercent of the			_	-				-		-	•	_	
	1) 87		2	93	17	アア	3)	89			4)	91		
	5) 95),									
62.	What is the r together in 20 2007?											_		

5) 13: 18

The numerical value of the area of a rectangular field is 90 times the numerical value of its breadth. If

- the perimeter of the field is 240 meters, what is the breadth of the field?
 - 1) 60 meters

1) 11:16

2) Data provided are not adequate to answer the question

3) 9:14

4) 11:18

- 3) 30 meters
- 4) 20 meters

2) 13:16

5) 15 meters

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64.	•		onthly income. B's monthly come of A, B and C togeth	
	1) Rs.10,000		2) Rs.15,000	X.
	3) Rs.20,000		4) None of the given an	swer is correct
	5) Rs.5,000			
65.	The total present ages of older than R, what is P's p	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	re than the present are of R	. If at present Q is 5 years
	1) 20		1. O.y.	
	2) Data provided are not	adequate to answer the c	question	
	3) 40		2	
	4) 35		. 0,	
	5) 30	110		
66.		_	_	and interest compounded
	annually at the same rate definitely the rate of inter		of money at the end of tw	o years is Rs.50. What is
	1) 10	est percent per annum:		
	2) 4			
	3) Data provided are not	adequate to answer the o	question	
	4) 5			200
	5) 7.5			
	etions (Q. 67 – 71): What wing questions? (Note: Yo			question mark (?) in the
67.	899.99 + 45.012 = ? - 22	4.488	', 'O'	
	1) 185	2) 395	3) 295	4) 245
	5) 355	. /	-2-	
68.	$\frac{3}{5}$ of $\frac{1}{19}$ of $\frac{15}{28}$ of 543	3 = ?		
	1) 99	2) 44	3) 73	4) 50

1) 88

5) 64

423.62 - 269.21 + (11.9% of 78) = ?**69.**

1) 525

2) 455

3) 645

4) 395

5) 275

 $17.99^2 - 14.05^2 + (2343.75 + 81.55) + ? = 229$ **70.**

1) 32

2) 39

3) 24

4) 28

5) 12

 $12.95 \times 7.05 + 85.01^2 \times 10.99 = ?$ **71.**

1) 77586

2) 77776

3) 79566

4) 78356

5) 76876

72.	One-fourth of two-fifth or	f 30 percent of a number	is 15. What is 20 percent	of that number?				
	1) 100							
	2) 20							
	3) Data provided are not a	adequate to answer the qu	iestion	X				
	4) 200			20				
	5) 75							
73.	The ratio of the base to triangle is 80 sq cm, what			e area of the rightangled				
	1) 16^2 cm	2) 10 cm	3) 8 cm	4) 20 cm				
	5) 10^2 cm							
Direc	tions (Q. 74 – 78): Read t	the information given in t	he passage and answer the	e given questions.				
langu	There are 19000 students ages Japanese, Korean and			one or more of the given 11.				
	14% of the male students	study only Japanese, 12%	study only Korean and 2	0% study only Latin. 16%				
	e male students study only		• •	Latin and 8% study only				
Japan	ese and Latin. The remain							
12%	22% of the female studer of the female students stud			nd 20% study only Latin.				
	Japanese and Latin. The re		• •	•				
74.	The number of male stud than the number of female	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		iges is what percent more inguages?				
	1) $12\frac{2}{13}$	2) $10\frac{5}{11}$	3) $10\frac{1}{11}$	4) $18\frac{1}{13}$				
	5) 13 1 1 11		100	0-				
<i>75.</i>	How many male students	study Japanese language	?					
	1) 3389	2) 3572	3) 3933	4) 3782				
	5) 3258	^(9.					
76.	What is the ratio of the n who study the same langu		who study Korean to the n	umber of female students				
	1) 58 : 59	2) 57 : 58	3) 87 : 88	4) 63 : 64				
	5) 61 : 62	30						
77.	What is the difference between the number of female students who study Latin and the number of male students who study the same language?							
	1) 43 5) 57	2) 76	3) 83	4) 62				
78.	The number of male students in College P?	dents who do not study	Korean is what percent	of the number of female				
	1) 34 4/11	2) 37 $\frac{1}{11}$	3) $38\frac{2}{11}$	4) 33 3 11				
	5) 32 4 11							

79.	The sum of two even numbers is 6 more than twice of the smaller number. If the difference between these two numbers is 6, which is definitely the smaller number?							
	1) 18	2) 20						
	3) Data provided are not adequate to answer the qu	a provided are not adequate to answer the question						
	4) 12	5) 24						
80.		lete a work in eight days. Twenty men can complete ill sixteen women take a complete the same work?						
	1) 40 2) 30	3) 24 4) 20						
	5) 10	7 Or						
	GENERAL AV	VARENESS						
81.	India's largest 700 MW ultra mega solar power pla	ant is planned in the state of Madhya Pradesh in						
	1) Bhopal district	2) Ujjain District						
	3) Khandwa District	4) Rewa district						
	5) Indore district							
82.	The full form of BBPS is							
	1) Bill finger Berger Power Series	2) Best Business Practices						
	3) Bits Bites Pixel Sprites	4) Bharat Bill Payment System						
	5) Bill Bharat Public School							
83.	India's Tax Administration Reforms Commission s 2014 and this commission is headed by	submitted its first report to Finance Minister in June						
	1) Y.V.Reddy	2) D.Subbarao						
	3) Other than those given as options	4) Parthasarathi Shome						
	5) Bimal Jalan							
84.		ry controls the supply of money in the economy by der to maintain price stability and achieve high						
	1) Economic Policy	2) Monetary Policy						
	3) Fiscal Policy	4) Credit Policy						
	5) Budgetary Policy							
85.	The government is to free India from open defecat	tion by which year under 'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan'?						
	1) 2020 2) 2019	3) 2018 4) 2017						
	5) 2016							
86.	7 114	elected to receive the 2014 Rajiv gandhi National on towards the promotion of communal harmony,						
	1) Spiritual leader Dalai Lama	2) Noted flute Player Pt Hari Prasad Chaurasia						
	3) Noted Film Director Shyam Benegal	4) Noted Filmmaker Muzaffar Ali						
	5) Superstar of Indian Film Music Ilayaraja							

87.	The 'World's AIDS Day	' is observed throughout t	he world on the		
	1) First of December ev	very year	2) Last Monday of Septe	ember	
	3) Last Sunday of Nove	ember	4) First of November every year		
	5) First Sunday of Octo	ber			
88.	The 'Cabinet committee	e on Investments" has been	n set up to	200	
	1) scrutinise investment	t proposals	2) attract overseas inves	tors	
	3) facilitate stalled proj	ects	4) market the policies of	f the government	
	5) clear investment proj	posal expeditiously	10/1		
89.	The official currency of	f the 'Republic of Austria'	is		
	1) Euro	2) Peso	3) Austrian Pound	4) Lira	
	5) Austrian dollar	~	0		
90.	The host of the Eightee	nth (2014) SAARC summ	nit is		
	1) Sri Lanka	2) India	3) Bhutan	4) Pakistan	
	5) Nepal	20,			
91.	The remote sensing sate	ellite Yaogan XX has rece	ntly been put into orbit by		
	1) Australia	2) Singapore	3) China	4) Thailand	
	5) Newzealand				
92.	Where is Shigmo festiv	ral celebrated?			
<	1) Goa	2) Kerala	3) Maharashtra	4) TN	
	5) Karnataka			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
93.	Children under 10 years	s of age are allowed with	which facilities in the bank	2	
	1) Current Accounts	2) Savings A/c	3) Zero Balance A/c	4) None	
	5) None of these				
94.	Chutak Power Plant is s	situated in which state?	2		
	1) Jammu and Kashmir		2) Himachal Pradesh		
	3) Mizoram	~~	4) Manipur		
	5) West Bengal	20.5			
95.	Which of the following	states does not have any	Regional Rural Bank (RRE	3)?	
	1) Punjab	2) Goa	3) Uttarakhand	4) Karnataka	
	5) Himachal Pradesh	, *			
96.	The abbreviation NTCA	A stands for			
	1) National Thermal Co	•	2) National Terrorist Co	ntrol Authority	
<	3) National Transportat	ion Control Authority	4) National Transport Co	orporation Authority	
	5) National Tiger Conse	ervation Authority			
97.	_	an sportsman associate wi	th		
	1) Badminton	2) Air rifle shooting	3) Golf	4) Wrestling	
	5) Atheletics				

98.	As stated by Arun Jaitely in his Budget speech of 2014-15, the amount provided for the welfare of Scheduled Castes under the SC Plan is						
	1) Rs.50,548 Cr	2) Rs.54,548 Cr	3) Rs.32,548 Cr	4) Rs.32,387 Cr			
	5) Rs.50,387 Cr			X			
99.	•	•	set up a special committee is her	ee to suggest measures for aded by former			
	1) Rajastahn DGP Harisl	n Chandra Meena	2) Delhi Police Commis	ssioner Neeraj Kumar			
	3) Union Home Secretar	y RK Singh	4) CBi Director Amar P	Pratap Singh			
	5) Mumbai Police Comm	nissioner Satya Pal Singh	', 'D'				
100.		•	is the fictional protagonism was originally created by	st of a series of novels and y journalist and author.			
	1) Johan Pearnson		2) Kingsley Amis				
	3) Ian Fleming	110	4) Raymond Benson				
	5) Johan Gardner	900					
101.	In India the regulator of	the commodity market is					
	1) Forward Markets Con	nmission (FMC)					
	2) National Stock Excha	nge (NSE)					
	3) Securities and Exchar	ge Board of India (SEBI))	X.			
	4) Insurance Regulatory	and Development Author	ity (IRDA)	260			
	5) Reserve Bank of India	a (RBI)					
102.				lator SEBI recently barred			
	period of	der and former chairman o	or Satyani Computer Serv.	ices, from the market for a			
	1) 18 years	2) 12 years	3) 10 years	4) 21 years			
	5) 14 years		20				
103.	As per Census 2011, the urban population was	total population of India	on 1st March 2011 was 1	1210.6 million. Of this the			
	1) 433.1 million	2) 399.1 million	3) 477.1 million	4) 377.1 million			
	5) 499.1 million	20					
104.	•	ancial inclusion, the Rese dependently provide their		ecently allowed minors to			
	1) 14 years	2) 13 years	3) 16 years	4) 10 years			
	5) 8 years						
105.	Finance Minister Arun	Jaitley recently announce	ed launch of 'Van Bandh	u Kalyan Yojana' for the			
	welfare of						
	1) Tribal Communities		2) Economically Weake	r Sections			
	3) Minority Communitie	S	4) Other than those give	en as options			
	,		i) series main mose give	as options			

106.	The recent WTO talks failed to agree on TFA or Global Customs Rules, Expand the term TFA.			
	1) Trade Foresting Agree	ment	2) Trade Factoring Agre	ement
	3) Trade Facilitation Agre	eement	4) Trade Featuring Agre	ement
	5) Other than those given	as options		
107.	The Cabinet Minister for Road Transport, Highways and Shipping in the Union Cabinet is			
	1) Nithin Jairam Gadkari		2) D.Sadanand Gowda	7.5
	3) Piyush Goyal		4) Rajnath Singh	0
	5) M.Venkaiah Naidu		10/7	
108.	The process of conversion	n of a physical cheque in	to electronic form is know	n as
	1) Cheque Negotiation		2) Cheque Endorsement	
	3) Cheque Truncation	~	4) Cheque Alternation	
	5) Cheque Crossing	, , , 0 }		
109.	The earlier system of Prin	me Lending Rate (PLR) l	nas now been replaced by	
	1) Reverse Repo Rate Sy	stem	2) Repo Rate System	
	3) Exchange Rate System	1	4) Bank Rate System	
	5) Base Rate System			
110.	'S		•	ch operations by October,
	has recently unveiled the brand name of its new airlines as			
	A / I/V			
<	1) Visage	2) Vishal	3) Vistara	4) Vishwas
	5) Vistas			3.
111.	5) Vistas Which of the following	Indian companies recen	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lak	ch crore mark in market
111.	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to	Indian companies recen	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lak IT services company in to	ch crore mark in market
111.	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies	Indian companies recen	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lak IT services company in to 2) Wipro	ch crore mark in market ech world?
111.	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra	Indian companies recen	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lak IT services company in to	ch crore mark in market ech world?
111.	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys	Indian companies recent the second most valuable	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lak IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser	ch crore mark in market ech world?
	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys	Indian companies receithe second most valuable	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lal IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser Sir forest of Gujarat 57 y	ch crore mark in market ech world?
	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys As many as three Asiation	Indian companies receive the second most valuable ic lions brought from Conted in 1965 - have vanis	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lal IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser Sir forest of Gujarat 57 y	ch crore mark in market ech world?
	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys As many as three Asiati population of 11 last cour	Indian companies receive the second most valuable ic lions brought from Conted in 1965 - have vanishing in Assam	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lal IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser Sir forest of Gujarat 57 y	ch crore mark in market ech world?
	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys As many as three Asiati population of 11 last count 1) Kaziranga National Para	Indian companies receithe second most valuable ic lions brought from Gonted in 1965 - have vanishark in Assam	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lal IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser Fir forest of Gujarat 57 y hed from the	ch crore mark in market ech world?
	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys As many as three Asiati population of 11 last count 1) Kaziranga National Par	Indian companies receive the second most valuable ic lions brought from Conted in 1965 - have vanishark in Assam	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lal IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser Sir forest of Gujarat 57 y hed from the	ch crore mark in market ech world?
	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys As many as three Asiati population of 11 last count 1) Kaziranga National Par 2) Bandipur National Par 3) Chandraprabha Wildliff	Indian companies recent the second most valuable ic lions brought from Conted in 1965 - have vanishark in Assamok in Karnataka fe Sanctuary near Varanasa Park in Madhya Pradesh	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lal IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser Sir forest of Gujarat 57 y hed from the	ch crore mark in market ech world?
112.	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys As many as three Asiati population of 11 last court 1) Kaziranga National Par 2) Bandipur National Par 3) Chandraprabha Wildlift 4) Bandhavgarh National 5) Corbett National Park The Arjuna Awards select	Indian companies recent the second most valuable ic lions brought from Gented in 1965 - have vanished in Karnataka fe Sanctuary near Varanashe Park in Madhya Pradeshe in Uttarakhand tion committee for choosing the second most of the second most valuable in the second most of	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lak IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser Gir forest of Gujarat 57 y hed from the	ch crore mark in market ech world?
112.	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys As many as three Asiati population of 11 last court 1) Kaziranga National Par 2) Bandipur National Par 3) Chandraprabha Wildlift 4) Bandhavgarh National 5) Corbett National Park The Arjuna Awards select year 2014 was headed by	Indian companies recent the second most valuable ic lions brought from Gented in 1965 - have vanished in Karnataka fe Sanctuary near Varanashe Park in Madhya Pradeshe in Uttarakhand tion committee for choosing the second most of the second most valuable in the second most of	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lak IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser Gir forest of Gujarat 57 y hed from the si ing outstanding sports persocaptain	ch crore mark in market ech world? vices years ago - which led to
112.	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys As many as three Asiati population of 11 last count 1) Kaziranga National Par 2) Bandipur National Par 3) Chandraprabha Wildlift 4) Bandhavgarh National 5) Corbett National Park The Arjuna Awards select year 2014 was headed by 1) Sourav Ganguly	Indian companies recent the second most valuable ic lions brought from Gented in 1965 - have vanished in Karnataka fe Sanctuary near Varanashe Park in Madhya Pradeshe in Uttarakhand tion committee for choosing the second most of the second most valuable in the second most of	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lak IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser Gir forest of Gujarat 57 y hed from the si ing outstanding sports pers captain 2) Sunil Gavaskar	ch crore mark in market ech world? vices years ago - which led to
112.	5) Vistas Which of the following capitalisation to become to 1) HCL Technologies 3) Tech Mahindra 5) Infosys As many as three Asiati population of 11 last court 1) Kaziranga National Par 2) Bandipur National Par 3) Chandraprabha Wildlift 4) Bandhavgarh National 5) Corbett National Park The Arjuna Awards select year 2014 was headed by	Indian companies recent the second most valuable ic lions brought from Gented in 1965 - have vanished in Karnataka fe Sanctuary near Varanashe Park in Madhya Pradeshe in Uttarakhand tion committee for choosing the second most of the second most valuable in the second most of	ntly crossed the Rs.5 lak IT services company in to 2) Wipro 4) Tata Consultancy Ser Gir forest of Gujarat 57 y hed from the si ing outstanding sports persocaptain	ch crore mark in market ech world? vices years ago - which led to

114.	In his budget (2014-15) speech Finance Minister had announced setting up of a commission to loo into various aspects of expenditure reforms. Accordingly, an Expenditure Management Commission has recently been setup. The commission is headed by			
	1) Dr.Subir Gokarn		2) Dr.Y.V.Reddy	X
	3) Dr.D.Subba Rao		4) Dr.Bimal Jalan	
	5) Sumit Bose			
115.	A banknote of which a pe	ortion is missing or which	h is composed of more tha	an two pieces is known as
	1) A mutilated banknote		2) A counterfeit bankno	te
	3) A soiled banknote		4) A damaged banknote	
	5) A defective banknote		X	
116.	As per Article 104 of the House of Parliament for		considered vacant if a me	mber is absent from either
	1) 30 days	2) 91 days	3) 45 days	4) 60 days
	5) 120 days	Amr		
117.	The author of the book Collins is	Strictly Personal Manm	ohan and Gursharan rece	ently published by Harper
	1) Natwar Singh	2) PC Parekh	3) Gursharan Kaur	4) Sanjaya Baru
	5) Daman Singh			Y
118.	The national capital of B	razil is		
	1) Quito	2) Santiago	3) Salvador	4) Brasilia
	1) Quito 5) Bogota	2) Santiago	3) Salvador	4) Brasilia
119.	5) Bogota	2) Santiago covered the deadly 'Ebola		4) Brasilia
119.	5) Bogota			4) Brasilia
119.	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc	covered the deadly 'Ebola	strain in 1976 is	9.
119.	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot	covered the deadly 'Ebola Sernan	s' strain in 1976 is 2) Professor Paul Janet	9.
119. 120.	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot 3) Professor Michel Heff 5) Professor Graham Day	covered the deadly 'Ebola Ternan vid speech Minister of Railwa	a' strain in 1976 is 2) Professor Paul Janet 4) Professor Graham Da	9.
	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot 3) Professor Michel Heff 5) Professor Graham Dav In his Budget (2014-15) s	covered the deadly 'Ebola Ternan vid speech Minister of Railwa	a' strain in 1976 is 2) Professor Paul Janet 4) Professor Graham Da	avid
	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot 3) Professor Michel Heff 5) Professor Graham Dav In his Budget (2014-15) s number of Unmanned Le	Covered the deadly 'Ebola Fernan wid speech Minister of Railwa evel Crossings is around	a' strain in 1976 is 2) Professor Paul Janet 4) Professor Graham Da	avid owda has informed that the
	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot 3) Professor Michel Heff 5) Professor Graham Dav In his Budget (2014-15) s number of Unmanned Le 1) 11563	Covered the deadly 'Ebola Fernan wid speech Minister of Railwa evel Crossings is around	2) Professor Paul Janet 4) Professor Graham Da ays Shri DV Sadananda Go 3) 21563	avid owda has informed that the
120.	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot 3) Professor Michel Heff 5) Professor Graham Day In his Budget (2014-15) s number of Unmanned Le 1) 11563 5) 11348	Fernan vid speech Minister of Railwa evel Crossings is around 2) 21348 ENGLISH LA thich of the phrases given	2) Professor Paul Janet 4) Professor Graham Da ays Shri DV Sadananda Go 3) 21563 NGUAGE n after the sentence shoul	avid bwda has informed that the 4) 30348 d replace the word/phrase
Direct given	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot 3) Professor Michel Heff 5) Professor Graham Dav In his Budget (2014-15) s number of Unmanned Le 1) 11563 5) 11348 etions (Q. 121 – 125): W in bold in the sentence to	Cernan Vid Speech Minister of Railwa ENGLISH LA hich of the phrases given make it grammatically co	2) Professor Paul Janet 4) Professor Graham Da ays Shri DV Sadananda Go 3) 21563 NGUAGE n after the sentence should brrect? If the sentence is contact the sentence is cont	avid bwda has informed that the 4) 30348
Direct given corre	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot 3) Professor Michel Heff 5) Professor Graham Day In his Budget (2014-15) s number of Unmanned Le 1) 11563 5) 11348 etions (Q. 121 – 125): W in bold in the sentence to ction is required, select 'N	Covered the deadly 'Ebola' Cernan vid Speech Minister of Railwa evel Crossings is around 2) 21348 ENGLISH LA thich of the phrases given make it grammatically co to correction required' as the	2) Professor Paul Janet 4) Professor Graham Da ays Shri DV Sadananda Go 3) 21563 NGUAGE after the sentence should brrect? If the sentence is cothe answer.	avid bwda has informed that the 4) 30348 d replace the word/phrase orrect as it is given and no
Direct given corre	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot 3) Professor Michel Heff 5) Professor Graham Day In his Budget (2014-15) s number of Unmanned Le 1) 11563 5) 11348 etions (Q. 121 – 125): W in bold in the sentence to ction is required, select 'N	Covered the deadly 'Ebola' Cernan vid Speech Minister of Railwa evel Crossings is around 2) 21348 ENGLISH LA thich of the phrases given make it grammatically co to correction required' as the	2) Professor Paul Janet 4) Professor Graham Da ays Shri DV Sadananda Go 3) 21563 NGUAGE after the sentence should brrect? If the sentence is cothe answer.	avid bwda has informed that the 4) 30348 d replace the word/phrase
Direct given corre	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot 3) Professor Michel Heff 5) Professor Graham Day In his Budget (2014-15) s number of Unmanned Le 1) 11563 5) 11348 etions (Q. 121 – 125): W in bold in the sentence to ction is required, select 'N Rich mineral resources and	Fernan vid speech Minister of Railwa evel Crossings is around 2) 21348 ENGLISH LA thich of the phrases given make it grammatically co to correction required' as the and the government present	2) Professor Paul Janet 4) Professor Graham Da ays Shri DV Sadananda Go 3) 21563 NGUAGE after the sentence should brrect? If the sentence is cothe answer.	avid owda has informed that the 4) 30348 d replace the word/phrase orrect as it is given and no acture will attract plenty of
Direct given corre	5) Bogota The scientist who co-disc 1) Professor Peter Piot 3) Professor Michel Heff 5) Professor Graham Day In his Budget (2014-15) s number of Unmanned Le 1) 11563 5) 11348 etions (Q. 121 – 125): W n in bold in the sentence to ction is required, select 'N Rich mineral resources at foreign investment.	Fernan vid speech Minister of Railwa evel Crossings is around 2) 21348 ENGLISH LA Thich of the phrases given make it grammatically co to correction required' as to and the government present	2) Professor Paul Janet 4) Professor Graham Da ays Shri DV Sadananda Go 3) 21563 NGUAGE n after the sentence should brrect? If the sentence is cothe answer. at willing to build infrastrum	avid owda has informed that the 4) 30348 d replace the word/phrase orrect as it is given and no acture will attract plenty of a is willing

122.	One of the city's advantages including a good education system, attractive quality of life and a good transport system which can cope with its rising population.				
	1) One of the city's advantages include	2) Some of the city's adv	vantages include		
	3) The city has advantages included	4) Many of the city's adv	vantages are included		
	5) No correction required				
123.	Regulators is America have plans to increase the hold and banks have until 2018 to comply.	amount of capital that its e	ight largest banks can bel		
	1) increased the amount	2) increase in the amoun	its		
	3) which increases the amounts	4) by increasing amount	S		
	5) No correction required	X, Y			
124.	If we revise the school curriculum, colleges will	not only get skilled employ	rees.		
	1) most quality students	2) good quality of the str	udent		
	3) students of best qualities	4) better quality students	3		
	5) No correction required				
125.	By running small dairy farms and selling milk to needs of their families.	o factories, the women of	the village takes care the		
	1) woman of the village caring for	2) woman of the village	will care		
	3) Women of the village take care of	4) village women taking	care of		
	5) No correction required		260		
<i>Directions</i> (<i>Q.</i> 126 – 130): Rearrange the given six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in a proper sequence so as to form a meaningful paragraph and then answer the given questions.					
(A) S	(A) So while these partnership are at times messy and controversial, on balance, they are force for good.				
	IGOs help companies reach and meet the needs of puch as the marginalised, where NGOs have unique		npanies do not understand,		
(C) But before concluding that such partnership are valueless it is worth recalling the reasons why they took off in the first place.					
(D) For NGOs too, partnerships with firms have their uses, with companies providing money and ways of influencing the minds and behaviour of millions of people.					
(E) There are many opponents to the close ties between companies and charities (Non-Governmental Organisations or NGOs).					
(F) NGOs are also better than companies at attracting and retaining idealistic talent, who sometimes end up even being absorbed by the companies to administer the policies they had advocated when they worked for NGOs.					
126.	Which of the following should be the SECOND s	entence after the rearrange	ment?		
	1) A 2) B	3) C	4) D		
	5) E				
127.	Which of the following should be the SIXTH (LA	AST) sentence after the rear	rrangement?		
	1) A 2) B	3) C	4) D		
	5) E				
	www.eenaduj	oratibha.net			

3) C

4) D

128. Which of the following should be the FIFTH sentence after the rearrangement?

2) B

1) A

in it. The nere is no
unc trains
Y
ges of the
ease
4 million
e people's provides
ease /4 mil

- 135. Over half of China's 1.4 billion population/ live in villages and the most pressing/ problem faces the country today/ is the lack of rural reforms. 1) Over half of China's 1.4 billion population 2) lives in villages and the most pressing 3) problem faces the country today/ is the lack of rural
 - 4) is the lack of rural reforms
 - 5) No error

Directions (O. 136 - 140): This sentence has two blanks each indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for the blanks which best fits the meaning of the sentence as a while.

136.	Young people may be - the ability to read emotions, as digital devices such as smart phones are the				
	face - to -face social skills.				
	1) faking hiding	2) affecting stopping			

1) faking, hiding

3) losing, limiting

4) falling, hindering

- 5) mastering, providing
- 137. are the days when consumers were passive passengers with little or choice over the design of the product.
 - 1) went, less
- 2) Past, much
- 3) Gone, no
- 4) Extinct, nil

- 5) Lost, so
- 138. Researchers that eating less meat would help in water resources in dry areas around the world.
 - 1) opine, conserve
- 2) said, procuring
- 3) suggest, removing
- 4) prove, store

- 5) believe, preserving
- 139. The Government is on launching a system to strictly monitor of industrial wastes.
 - 1) keen, treatment
- 2) thinking, capturing
- 3) contemplating, cure 4) interested, disposal

- 5) eager, healing
- 140. Scientist from across the country have emphasis on the need to take immediate steps to the issue of climate change.
 - 1) placed, stop
- 2) paid, halt
- 3) given, hold
- 4) laid, address

5) put, clear

Directions (Q. 141 - 145): Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions. Certain words are given in bold to help you locate them while answering same of the questions.

Rural development in India has witnessed several changes over the years in its emphasis, approaches, strategies and programme. It has assumed a new dimension and perspective as a consequence. Rural development can be ircher and more meaningful only through the participation of clientele of development. Just as implementation is the touchsome for planning people's participation is the centrepiece in rural development. People's participation is one of the foremost prerequisites of development process both from procedural and philosophical perspectives. For the development planners and administrators, it is important to solicit the participation of different groups of rural people, to make the plans participatory.

Rural development aims at improving rural people's livelihoods in an equitable and sustainable manner, both socially and environmentally, through better access to assets and services, and control over productive capital.

The basic objectives of Rural Development Programmes have been alleviation of poverty and unemployment through creation of basic social and economic infrastructure, provision of training to rural unemployed youth and providing employment to marginal farmers/ labourers to discourage seasonal and permanent migration to urban areas.

Rural development in the main pillar of nation's development. In spite of rapid urbanisation, a large section of our population still lives in the villages. Secondly, rural India has lagged behind in development because of many historical factors. Though the 11th Plan began in very favourable circumstances with the economy having growth at the rate of 7.7% per year in the both Plan period, there still existed a big challenge to correct the developmental imbalances and to accord due priority to development in rural areas. Ministry of Rural Development is implementing a number of programmes aimed at sustainable holistic development in rural areas. The thrust of these programmes is on all-round economic and social transformation in rural areas through a multi-pronged strategy aiming to reach out to the most disadvantaged sections of the society.

Although concerned effort shave been initiated by the Government of India through several plans and measures to alleviate poverty in rural India, there still remains much more to be done to bring prosperity in the lives of the people in rural areas. At present, technology dissemination is uneven and slow in the rural areas. Good efforts of organisations developing technologies, devices and products for rural areas could not yield high success. Experiences of many countries suggest that technological development fuelled by demand has a higher dissemination rate. However, in India, technology developers for rural areas have been catering to needs, rather than creating demand. There is no industry-linkage machinery to created demand-based-technology market for rural communities. Besides there is also an imbalance between strategies and effective management programmes.

Propagation of technology/ schemes for rural development is slow and there is lacking in wider participation of different stakeholder. An ideal approach may, therefore, include the government, panchayats, village personnel, researchers, industries NGOs and private companies to not only help in reducing this imbalance, but also to have a multiplier effect on the overall economy.

- **141.** According to the passage, which of the following are the objectives of most Rural Development Programmes?
 - A) To promote urbanisation
 - B) Provide training to youth
 - C) Reducing unemployment
 - 1) Only A and C

2) Only C

3) Only B and C

4) All the three A. B and C

5) Only A

142. Which of the following is most nearly the SAME in meaning as the word given in bold as used in the passage?

Alleviation

1) mitigation

2) soothing

3) intensification

4) outpouring

5) comfortable

- **143.** Which of the following is most OPPOSITE in meaning of the word given bold as used in the passage?
 - 1) generation
- 2) producing
- 3) reproduction

4) under development

5) growth

144.	What, according to the passage, is the most important factor of rural development?				
	1) Alleviation of poverty and unemployment				
	2) Employment to marginal farmers and labourers				
	3) Participation of different groups of rural people				
4) Creation of basic social and economic infrastructure					
	5) None of these			7.	
145. Which of the following is true according to the passage?				0-	
	A) Urbanisation has resulted in a majority of Indian population living in urban areas.				
	B) The economic growth development.	n of the 10 th Five Yea	r Plan did not translate	into proportionate rural	
	C) The efforts of the Gov	ernment of India for pove	erty alleviation have met v	with complete failure.	
	1) Only A and B	2) Only C	3) Only A and C	4) Only C	
	5) All the three A, B And	$c \lambda \lambda \lambda$			
146.	Which of the following is passage?	most nearly the SAME	is meaning as the word gi	ven in bold as used in the	
	Touchstone				
	1) Yardstick	2) Periphery	3) Sensitivity	4) Weakness	
	5) hurdle			0	
147.	According to the passage,	what ails the process of	technology-aided develop	ment in rural areas?	
	A) Creation of demand for technology-aided development in rural areas in missing.				
	B) There is lack of partici	pation of rural people in	the process of technology	-aided development.	
	C) There is a dearth of ap	propriate linkages needed	d for bringing about technol	ology-aided development.	
	1) Only C	2) Only B and C	3) Only A	4) Only A and b	
	5) All the three A, B and	C	3		
148.	Which of the following ca	an be the most suitable ti	tle for the passage?		
	1) Technology in Rural In	ndia			
	2) The Rural Indian Com	munities			
	3) Rural Development - T	he Participative Way			
	4) Rural India - Ignored b	y All the Stakeholders			
	5) Rural Development - A	an Impossible Dream			
149.	What is the current status	of the poverty alleviation	n programme initiated by	the Government of India?	
<	A) Technology dissemina	tion is uneven and slow i	n rural areas.		
	B) There still remains much	ch more to be done to brin	ng prosperity in the lives of	f the people in rural areas.	
	C) There is a lack of parti	cipation of different stak	eholders.		
	1) Only A and B	2) Only B and C	3) Only A and C	4) All A, B and C	
	5) None of these				

150.	Which of the following is most OPPOSITE in meaning of the word given in bold as used in the passage?				
	1) troubled	2) unfair	3) separated	4) futuristic	
	5) just				
	Directions (Q. 151 – 160): In the given passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. Against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find the appropriate word in each				
	Confidence in the globa	al economy is 151 impr	oving, as evidenced by	the bullish behaviour of	
finan	cial markets and by increa	asingly positive comment	s from companies and po	licy makers over the past	
few v	veeks.		7 (O)		
				n the world economy and	
	ancial market, it is when ir believe that the current im	•		•	
	ecades, of "secular stagnat	•		•	
	t there is not much 156 of	A \ /	•	-	
	normal" since 2008 has no				
-	l economy, from 1988 to 2		•		
	forecast for this year is st 158 this week. At first s	1			
	down in economic activity		-	-	
	ear in developed countries	•	•		
	. In the emerging econom	•	s 160 at 4.8 percent this	year, slightly below the	
< 1	ercent of the pre-crisis dec			200	
151.	1) heavily	2) steadily	3) tremendously	4) highly	
	5) regularly			0.	
152.	1) approval	2) favour	3) account	4) side	
	5) grace				
153.	1) together	2) collective	3) wild	4) uniformly	
	5) distributive				
154.	1) weight	2) meaning	3) attraction	4) notice	
	5) attention	700			
155.	1) easily	2) seriously	3) badly	4) simply	
	4) much				
156.	1) evidence	2) example	3) sample	4) clue	
	5) information				
157.	1) similar	2) unlike	3) distinctive	4) different	
	5) identical				
158.	1) reduce	2) crash	3) subside	4) flop	
	5) decline				
159.	1) hard	2) default	3) difficulty	4) hit	

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5) roughly

- **160.** 1) highlighted
- 2) depicted
- 3) projected
- 4) progressed

5) assumed

ANSWERS

1-1; 2-2; 3-4; 4-1; 5-5; 6-5; 7-2; 8-1; 9-4; 10-1; 11-1; 12-1; 13-2; 14-3 15-4; 16-1; 17-2; 18-5; 19-2; 20-1; 21-4; 22-3; 23-2; 24-3; 25-4; 26-3; 27-4; 28-5; 29-1; 30-2; 31-1; 32-2; 33-5; 34-5; 35-2; 36-2; 37-2; 38-1; 39-1; 40-3; 41-4; 42-5; 43-1; 44-3; 45-1; 46-1; 47-4; 48-3; 49-4; 50-5; 51-4; 52-5; 53-3; 54-1; 55-3; 56-3; 57-4; 58-1; 59-2; 60-1; 61-2; 62-5; 63-3; 64-1; 65-1; 66-3; 67-4; 68-5; 69-4; 70-3; 71-3; 72-1; 73-5; 74-2; 75-3; 76-3; 77-5; 78-1; 79-3; 80-5; 81-4; 82-4; 83-4; 84-2; 85-2; 86-4; 87-1; 88-5; 89-1; 90-5; 91-3; 92-1; 93-4; 94-1; 95-2; 96-5; 97-2; 98-1; 99-3; 100-3; 101-1; 102-5; 103-4; 104-4; 105-1; 106-3; 107-1; 108-3; 109-5; 110-3; 111-4; 112-3; 113-5; 114-4; 115-1; 116-4; 117-5; 118-4; 119-1; 120-1; 121-4; 122-2; 123-5; 124-4; 125-3; 126-3; 127-1; 128-4; 129-2; 130-5; 131-2; 132-1; 133-1; 134-2; 135-3; 136-3; 137-3; 138-5; 139-1; 140-4; 141-3; 142-1; 143-4; 144-3; 145-4; 146-1; 147-5; 148-3; 149-4; 150-2; 151-2; 152-2; 153-4; 154-5; 155-2; 156-1; 157-4; 158-5; 159-1; 160-3.