SEAL

PAPER CODE

22161

PAPER – II CIVIL ENGINEERING (English)

Held on: 05-03-2023

Question Booklet Number

225000



Max. Marks: 150

Question Booklet Numbe

EA-1622

Duration: 150 Minutes

అభ్యర్థులకు సూచనలు

- 1. ప్రశ్నా ప్రతం యొక్క సీల్ ను తెరిచే ముందు దాని పైన ముట్రించి ఉన్న పీపర్ కోడ్ ను మీ హాలీటికెట్లో ముట్రింపబడిన ఆ సెషన్ కు సంబంధించిన పీపర్ కోడ్తతో సరిపోల్చుకోండి ఒక వేళ ఆ రెండూ ఒక దానికొకటి భిన్నంగా ఉన్నచో ఆ విషయాన్ని ఇన్విజిలేటర్ దృష్టికి వెంటనే తీసుకెళ్ళి సంైన పేపర్ కోడ్ ఉన్న ప్రశ్న ప్రతాన్ని అడిగి తీసుకోండి.
- 2. ప్రశ్నా ప్రతాన్ని తెరచిన వెంటనే అందులోని 150 ప్రశ్నలు వాటికిచ్చిన ఆఫ్షన్లు అన్నీ సరిగ్గా ముద్రింపబడ్డాయో లేదో జాగ్రత్తగా పరిశీలించండి.
- 3. క్వెశ్చన్ బుక్లలెట్ నంబర్ను జాగ్రత్తగా పరిశీలించండి.
- 4. సమాధానాలను గుర్తించడానికి డ్రుత్యేకంగా OMR సమాధాన ప్రతాన్ని ఇవ్వడం జరుగుతుంది. అందులో హాల్ట్ టికెట్ నంబరు, క్వెశ్చన్ బుక్ లెట్ నంబర్, పేవర్ కోడ్, అభ్యర్థి సంతకం, ఇన్విజిలేటర్ సంతకాలకు సంబంధించిన వివరాలు నింపడానికి గడులు కేటాయింపబడి ఉంటాయి. గడులను నింపటానికి నీలి/నలుపు (బ్హూ/బ్హాక్) బాల్ పాయింట్ పెన్సులను మాత్రమే ఉపయోగించాలి.
- ప్రశ్నా ప్రతంలో కానీ, OMR సమాధాన ప్రతంలో కానీ ఏవైనా లోపాలుంటే వాటిని మార్చవలసిందిగా వెంటనే ఇన్విజిలేటర్ను కోరవచ్చు.
- 6. సమాధాన పణ్రాలను ఆప్టికల్ మార్క్ స్కానర్ పరీక్షా పద్ధత్రిలో మూల్యాంకనం చేస్తారు. కాబట్టి దానిపైన ఉన్న వృత్తాలను (జవాబులకు సంబంధించిన వృత్తాలతో సహా) నింపలూనికి బ్లూ/బ్లాక్ బాల్ పాయింట్ పెన్నులను మాత్రమే ఉపయోగించాలి . పెన్సిల్ లేదా ఇంకు పెన్ను లేదా జెల్ పెన్నులతో బబ్లింగ్ చేయటం పరీక్షలో అనుమతించబడదు.
 OMR పత్రంలో అభ్యర్థి తప్పులు రాసిన/దిద్దిన యెడల దానిని మార్చి ఇంకొకటి ఎట్టి పరిస్థితుల్లో ఇవ్వటం జరగదు.
- 7. ప్రశ్నా ప్రతం పై క్వెళ్ళన్ బుక్ లెట్ నంబర్ ముద్రింపబడి ఉంటుంది. ఇది ప్రశ్నా ప్రతం కవర్ పీజీ పై కుడి మూలన ముద్రింపబడి ఉంటుంది. ఈ క్వెళ్ళన్ బుక్ లెట్ నంబర్ ను మీ సమాధాన ప్రతం యొక్క సైడ్– 1 లో దానికి కేటాయింపబడిన స్థలంలో బ్లూ/బ్లాక్ బాల్ పాయింట్ పెన్సుతో జాగ్రత్తగా నింపాలి.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Before opening the seal of the Question Booklet check whether the Paper Code printed on it is matching with the Paper Code printed on the Hall Ticket with the respective session. If it is not matching, immediately bring to the notice of the invigilator and obtain the Question Booklet with correct Paper Code.
- 2. Please check the Question Booklet immediately on opening and ensure that it contains all the 150 multiple choice questions printed on it.
- 3. Carefully note the Question Booklet No.
- 4. Separate Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer Sheet is supplied to you. The OMR Answer sheet contains boxes for filling Hall Ticket Number, Question Booklet Number, Paper Code, Signature of the Candidate and Invigilator. Fill the boxes with Blue/Black ball point pen only.
- If there is any defect in the Question Paper Booklet or OMR answer sheet, please ask the invigilator for replacement immediately.
- 6. Since the answer sheets are to be scanned (valued) with Optical Mark Scanner system, the candidates have to USE BALL POINT PEN (BLUE/BLACK) ONLY for darkening the circles in the OMR Sheet including bubbling the answers. Bubbling with Pencil / Ink Pen /Gel Pen is not permitted in the examination. If any mistake is done by you on the OMR sheet, it will not be replaced.
- 7. The Question Booklet number is printed on right corner of the cover page of the Test Booklet. Mark your Question Booklet number on side 1 of the OMR Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circles with Blue/Black ball point pen.



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If your Question Booklet number is 102365, please fill as shown below:

If you have not darkened the Question Booklet number at side 1 of the OMR Answer Sheet your Answer Sheet will be invalidated without any further notice. If it is darkened in a way that it leads to discrepancy in determining the exact Question Booklet number, then it may lead to wrong result / rejection of the Answer Sheet and candidate himself / herself will be responsible for the same.

Each question is followed by 4 answer choices. Of these, you
have to select one correct answer and mark it on the Answer
sheet by darkening the appropriate circle for the question. If
more than one circle is darkened, that answer will not be valued
at all. Use Blue/Black Ball point pen to fill the circle completely.
Make no other stray marks.

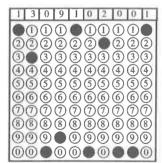
e.g. : If the answer for Question No. 1 is Answer choice (2), it should be marked as follows :



 Mark your Hall Ticket No. as given in the Hall Ticket with Blue/Black Ball point pen by darkening appropriate circles in side 1 of the OMR Answer Sheet. Incorrect/ not encoding of Hall Ticket no. will lead to invalidation of your Answer Sheet and also will lead to rejection of your candidature without any further notice.

Example: If the Hall Ticket No. is 1309102001, fill as shown below:

Hall Ticket Number



 Get the signature of the Invigilator affixed in the space provided in the answer sheet. Candidate should sign in the space provided in the OMR Answer Sheet. క్వెళ్ళన్ బుక్లెట్ నంబర్ నించడానికి ఉదా : ఒకవేశ మీ క్వెళ్ళన్ బుక్లెట్ నంబర్ 102365 అయితే దాన్ని కింది విధంగా నింపాలి.

OMR సమాధాన వత్రం యొక్క సైడ్–1 లో మీ క్వెళ్ళన్ బుక్ లెట్ నంబర్ ను నింపక పోయినచో ఎటువంటి నోటీను ఇవ్వకుండానే మీ సమాధాన పత్రం మూల్యాంకనం నిరిపివేయబడును. ఒకవేళ దానిని నరిగ్గా గుర్తించేలా నింపక పోయినచో ఫలితం తప్పగా వచ్చే అవకాశం లేదా మీ సమాధాన పత్రం తిరస్కరింపబడే అవకాశం పుంటుంది. దానికి అభ్యర్లే పూర్తి బాధ్యత వహించాల్ని వుంటుంది.

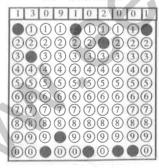
8. స్థిత్ ప్రశ్నకు నాలుగు ఐచ్చికాలు ఇవ్వబడతాయి. ఏటిలో ఒకదానిని సమాధానంగా ఎంచుకోవాలి. సమాధాన ప్రత్యంలో దానికి సంబంధించిన నృత్వాన్ని నింపవలైను, ఒకటి కవ్నా ఎక్కువ వృత్వాలను నింపినచ్ ఆ సమాధానం పరిగణింపబడదు. వృత్వాలను పూర్తిగా నింపటానికి బ్లూ/బ్లాక్ బాల్ పాయింట్ పెన్నులను మాత్రమే ఉపయోగించాలి. మరే విధమైన గీతలు గీయటం గాని మరకలను అంటించటం గాని చేయరాదు.

ఉదా : 1 వ ప్రశ్నకు సమాధానం (2) అయితే దాన్ని ఈ క్రింది విధంగా నింపాలి.



9. హాల్టీటికెట్లో ఇవ్వబడిన హోల్టీటికెట్ నంబర్ను బ్లూ/బ్లాక్ బాల్ పాయింట్ పెన్నుతో OMR సమాధాన ప్రత్తు సైడ్–1 లో ఇవ్వబడిన సరియైన వృత్తాలలో నింపాలి, హాట్టీటెట్ట్ నంబర్ను తప్పుగా నింపటం లేదా అన్నలు నింపకపోయినచే మీ సమాధాన ప్రతం మూల్యాంకనం చేయబడదు మరియు మీ ఆభ్యర్థిత్వం ఎటువంటి నోటీస్ ఇవ్వకుండానే తిర్పుదించబడును.

ఉదా : హాలేటికెట్ నంబరు 1309102001 ఆయితే ఈ కింది విధంగా నింపాలి. Hall Ticket Number



 నహాధాన ప్రకంలో కేటాయింపబడిన స్థలంలో ఇవ్విజిలేటర్ సంతకం తీసుకోవాలి.
 అబ్బర్జి కూడా OMR సమాధాన ప్రతంలో కేటాయించిన స్థలంలో తప్పనిసరిగా సంతకం చేయాలి.



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- 11. Rough work should be done only in the space provided for that purpose in the Question Paper Booklet. No other loose sheet of paper will be allowed into the Examination Hall except Hall Ticket.
- 12. Do not mark answer choices on the Question Booklet. Violation of this will be viewed seriously.
- Use of Calculators, Mathematical Tables, Log Books, Pagers, Cell Phones or any other electronic gadgets is strictly prohibited.
- 14. The candidate should write the Booklet number and Sign in the space provided in the Nominal Rolls while ensuring the Bio-data printed against his/ her name is correct.
- 15. No candidate should leave the examination hall until completion of examination time.
- 16. Before leaving the examination hall, the candidate should hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the Invigilator, failing which action will be taken for malpractice.
- 17. Candidates are permitted to take away the Question Paper with them after completion of the exam.
- 18. The OMR Answer Sheet will be invalidated, if the candidate:
 - i. writes the Hall Ticket No. in any other place of OMR sheet, except in the space provided for the purpose.
 - writes irrelevant matter, including the religious symbols, words, prayers or any communication whatsoever, in any place of the OMR answer sheet.
 - iii. uses other than Blue/ Black ball point pen to darken the circles.
 - iv. forgets to bubble the Question Booklet number or bubble multiple circles in a row while filling the Question Booklet No. or bubble Hall Ticket No. other than allotted to him/ her.
 - v. resorts to wrong/erroneous/incomplete bubbling of circles or using v or x in the circles.
 - vi. uses whitener on the answer sheet.
 - vii. attempts any type of tampering (rubbing the circles with chalk powder/ scratching the circles with razors etc.) on the OMR Answer Sheet.
- viii. adopts any method of malpractice.
- 19. No correspondence will be entertained in this matter by the commission, if the Answer Sheet is invalidated or his / her candidature is rejected due to the above reasons.
- 20. The digital copy of OMR Answer Sheets will be made available in the Commission's website after completion of the Image Scanning.

- 11. ప్రశ్నా ప్రతంలో కేటాయించిన స్థలంలో మాత్రమే చిత్తు పని చేయవలెను. పరీక్ష గదిలోకి హాల్ట్ బిక్కెట్ తప్ప మరే ఇతర విడి కాగితాలు అనుమతింపబడవు.
- 12. ప్రశ్నా పత్రాలలో సమాధానాలను గుర్తుపెట్టడం తీవ్రంగా పరిగణింపబడును.
- 13. పరీక్ష గదిలో కాలిక్యులేటర్లు, మాథమాటికల్ టేబుల్స్, లాగ్ బుక్స్, పేజర్స్, సెల్ ఫోన్స్ లేదా ఏ ఇతర ఎల్మక్టానిక్ వస్తువులను ఉపయోగించడం నిషీద్ధం.
- 14. నామినల్ రోల్సీలో ముద్రింపబడిన తన వ్యక్తిగత వివరాలు సరియైనవని ధృనీకరించుకున్న తర్వాత అభ్యర్థి తనకివ్వబడిన ప్రశ్నాపత్రం యొక్క క్వెళ్ళన్ బుక్ లెట్ నంబర్ ను నామినల్ రోల్లో దానికె కేటాయింపబడిన స్థలంలో రాసి సంతకం చెయ్యాలి.
- 15. పరీక్ష పూర్తయ్యే వరకు ఏ ఒక్క అభ్యర్థి కూడా పరీక్ష గదిని విడచి వెళ్ళటానికి అనుమతించబడదు.
- 16. పరీక్ష అనంతరం పరీక్ష గది నుండి బయటకు వెళ్ళే ముందు ప్రతి అభ్యర్థి OMR సమాధాన పణాన్ని ఇన్విజిలేటర్కు తప్పనిసరిగా అప్పగించి వెళ్ళాలి. లేనిచో అతని పై మాల్ స్టాకీస్ కింద చర్యలు తీసుకోబడును.
- 17. పరీక్ష అనంతరం ప్రశ్నా ప్రణాన్ని అభ్యర్థులు తమ వెంట తీసుకొని వెళ్ళవచ్చు.
- ఒక అభ్యర్థి (కింది ఏ చర్యలకు పాల్పడినను అతని సమాధాన ప్రతం మూల్యాంకనం చేయబడదు.
 - i. OMR సమాధాన ప్రతం పై హాల్ట్ కిట్ నంబరును దానికి కేటాయించిన స్థలంలో కాక ఏ ఇతర స్థలంలో రాసినను,
 - ii. పరీక్షకు ఏమాత్రం సంబంధం లేని విషయం ఉదా : మత సంబంధ చిహ్నాలు, పదాలు, ప్రార్థనలు లేదా ఏ ఇతర సమాచారాన్నైనా జవాబు పత్రం పై రాసినటయితే,
 - iii. వృత్తాలను నింపటానికి బ్లూ/బ్లాక్ బాల్ పాయింట్ పెన్నులను కాక ఏ ఇతర పెన్సులను ఉపయోగించిననూ.
 - iv. క్వెశ్చన్ బుక్ లెట్ నంబర్ లేదా హాల్ టికెట్ నంబర్లను బబ్లింగ్ చేయటం మరచిపోయినను లేదా క్వెశ్చన్ బుక్ లెట్ నంబర్ను నింపీ సమయంలో ఒక వరసలోని ఒకటి కన్నా ఎక్కువ పుల్తాలను నింపిననూ. అధ్యర్థి తనకు కేటాయించిన హాలీటికెట్ నంబర్ కాక ఇతర హాలీటికెట్ నంబరును కానీ బబ్లింగ్ చేసినదో,
 - v. సమాధాన ప్రతం పై వృత్తాలను తప్పుగా/అసంపూర్ణంగా నింపినచో లేక ✔ లేదా 🗙 వంటి గుర్తులను వృత్తాలలో గీసినచో,
 - vi. సమాధాన పత్రంలో తెల్ల సీరా (వైట్నర్)ను ఉపయోగించినచో,
 - vii. సమాధాన ప్రతం పై వృత్తాలను చాక్ పీస్ పౌడర్ తో రుద్దటం, బ్లేడ్ తో గీయటం వంటి చర్యలకు పాల్పడినట్లయితే,
 - viii. ఏ విధమెన మాల్ ప్రాక్టేస్ పద్ధతులను అవలంబించినను,
- 19. పై ఏ కారణంవల్లనైననూ అభ్యర్థుల యొక్క సమాధాన పణ్రాలు మూల్యాంకనం చేయబడకపోయినా లేదా వారి అభ్యర్థిత్వం రద్దు చేయబడినా, ఈ విషయంలో కమిషనీతో ఏ విధమైన ఉత్తర ప్రత్యుత్తరములకు అనుమతింపబడదు.
- 20. పరీక్షకు హాజరైన అందరి అభ్యర్థుల OMR సమాధాన హాత్రాల యొక్కడిటిటల్ కాపీలు,

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- 1. What is the correct decreasing order of the following materials with respect to their Poisson's ratio?
 - A. Copper

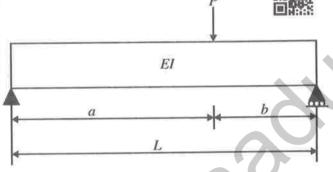


- B. Steel
- C. Tungsten
- (1) A, B, C
- (2) B, C, A
- (3) A, C, B
- (4) C, B, A
- 2. Which of the following is **NOT** a canal head work?
 - (1) Weir
 - (2) Barrage
 - (3) Aqueduct
 - (4) Head regulator
- 3. Identify the secondary air pollutant out of the following
 - (L) Carbon monoxide



- (2) Sulphuric acid
- (3) SO₂
- (4) SPM
- 4. The settling velocity of a particle in a sedimentation tank depends on
 - (1) Depth of tank
 - (2) Both depth and surface area of tank
 - (3) Surface area of tank
 - (4) Material used for construction of tank

- 5. What is the relationship between Poisson's ratio and axial strain?
 - (1) Poisson's ratio is inversely proportional to axial strain.
 - (2) Poisson's ratio is inversely proportional to the squared of axial strain.
 - (3) Poisson's ratio is directly proportional to axial strain.
 - (4) Poisson's ratio is directly proportional to the squared of the axial strain.
- 6. What is the governing differential equation for deflection (y) of any one segment of the given beam? x is any length measured from the left hand support?



- (1) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{EI} \left[Px^2 \left(\frac{b}{L} 1 \right) + Pa \right]$
- (2) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{Pb(L-x)^2}{L} \right]$



(3)
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{EI} \left[Px \left(\frac{b}{L} - 1 \right) + Pa \right]$$

(4)
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{Pa(L-x)^2}{L} \right]$$



- 7. What is SSD in highway engineering?
 - (1) Slow Sight Distance
 - (2) Stopping Skid Distance
 - (3) Stopping Signal Distance
 - (4) Stopping Sight Distance



- 8. The viscosity of a gas
 - (1) decreases with increase in temperature
 - (2) is independent of temperature
 - (3) increases with increase in temperature
 - (4) is independent of pressure for very high pressure intensities
- 9. The length of Surveyor's chain is
 - (1) 100 ft



- (2) 66 ft
- (3) 33 ft
- (4) 50 ft
- in moisture content is known as
 - (1) Bulging of sand
 - (2) Shrinkage of sand
 - (3) Bulking of sand χ
 - (4) Water absorption of sand

- (11) Artificial stone is also known as:
 - (1) Ashlar stone



(3) Plastic stone

(2) Igneous stone

- (4) Casted stone
- 12. For a two-dimensional generalized system, how many equilibrium equations are available?
 - (1) 1

(2) 3



- (3) 2
- (4) 4
- 13. The hydraulic mean depth or the hydraulic radius is the ratio of
 - (1) Area of flow to wetted perimeter
 - (2) Velocity of flow to area of flow
 - (3) Wetted perimeter to diameter of the pipe
 - (4) Wetted perimeter to area of flow
- 14. The maximum permissible limit for fluoride in drinking water is
 - (1) 0.1 mg/liter
 - (2) 5 mg/liter
 - (3) 1.5 mg/liter
 - (4) 10 mg/liter



15. Match the following according to IS 456:2000

diameter bar

- A. Minimum nominal 1. 20 mm cover for a square column of size 175 mm with 10 mm
- B. Minimum nominal 2. 40 mm cover for a simply supported beam under fire resistance value of 0.5
- C. Minimum nominal 3. 25 mm cover for M40 concrete in severe exposure condition
- D. Minimum nominal 4. 50 mm cover for footing using M50 concrete



- (1) A-3, B-2, C-1, D-4
- (2) A-3, B-1, C-2, D-4
- (3) A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
- (4) A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1

- 16. For a long pipe carrying liquid from one reservoir to another, at the exit section of the pipe, the energy grade line will

 - (1) meet the liquid substance
 - (2) lie at a distance $(v^2/4g)$ below the liquid surface
 - (3) lie at a distance $(v^2/2g)$ above the liquid surface
 - (4) lie at a distance $(v^2/2g)$ below the liquid surface
- 17. Settling velocity of a spherical body is expressed by __
 - (1) Reynolds law
 - (2) Stokes law
 - (3) Newton's law
 - (4) Darcey's law
- 18. Nominal mix proportion equivalent to M20 grade of concrete is

 - (4) 1:4:8



- 19. The required slope correction for a chain having a length of 'L' along a slope of θ is
 - (1) $2LCos^2(\theta/2)$
 - (2) $LSin^2(\theta/2)$



- (3) $LCos^2(\theta/2)$
- (4) $2LSin^{2}(\theta/2)$
- 20. Consider the following statements.
 - A. Spirit varnish is also called French varnish and used for furniture.
 - B. Oil varnishes use linseed oil as solvent. Choose the correct option
 - (1) Statement B is true, and A is false
 - (2) Both A and B are false
 - (3) Statement B is false, and A is true
 - (4) Both A and B are true
- 21. Which of the following compound contributes to strength development of cement concrete after 28 days?
 - (1) Dicalcium silicate



- (2) Tricalcium aluminate
- (3) Tetracalcium alumino-ferrite
- (4) Tricalcium silicate

- 22. The expression for the length of tangent for simple circular curve is given by _____, where R is radius, α is deflection angle.
 - (1) R Tan α/2



- (2) $2R \operatorname{Tan} \alpha/2$
- (3) $2R \sin \alpha/2$
- (4) R Sin $\alpha/2$
- 23. Temporary hardness caused due to presence of
 - (1) Nitrates



- (2) Sulphates
- (3) Carbonates
- (4) Chlorides
- 24. Which of the following expressions is required to calculate the strength of shear reinforcement for single bar or single group of parallel bars, all bent-up at the same cross section? The characteristic strength and the cross-sectional area of the bent-up bars are given by f_{y} and A_{yy} , respectively. The angle between the bent-up bar and the axis of the member is given by α .
 - (1) 0.87 $f_{\nu}A_{\nu}\sin\alpha$
 - (2) $0.87 f_{\nu} A_{s\nu} (\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha)$
 - (3) $0.87 f_{v} A_{sv} \cos \alpha$
 - (4) $0.87 f_{v} A_{sv} \tan \alpha$



- 25. Which of the following statements is/are *INCORRECT* according to IS 456:2000? In the following statements f_{ck} , f_y , and x_u are the characteristic compressive strength of concrete, characteristic strength of steel, and the depth of neutral axis respectively.
 - A. The area of stress block in compression of a concrete structure in flexure is $0.36 f_{ck} x_u$.
 - B. For the design, the compressive strength of a concrete structure is $\frac{f_{ck}}{1.15}$.
 - C. The maximum strain in tensile reinforcement at failure shall not be less than $\frac{f_y}{1.15}$.
 - D. The partial safety factor for the design compressive strength of concrete is 1.5.



- (1) A and D
- (2) A and C
- (3) B and D
- (4) B and C

- 26. Grain size classification also called as
 - (1) IS classification



- (2) Textural classification
- (3) Unified soil classification
- (4) International classification
- occupying a unit length of a lane of roadway at given instant.





- (2) Traffic Density
- (3) Traffic Capacity
- (4) Traffic Volume
- A square lamina (each side equal to 2 m) is submerged vertically in water such that the upper edge of the lamina is at a depth of 0.5 m from the free surface. What will be the depth (in m) of the centre of pressure?

(1) 23/18



- (2) 25/18
- (3) 29/18
- (4) 31/18

- 29. Which one of the following is *NOT* a sewer appurtenance?
 - (1) Flushing Tank



- (2) Manhole
- (3) Septic Tank
- (4) Grease and Oil trap
- 30. Which of the following is example for sub-surface source of water?

(1) Ponds



- (2) Ocean
- (3) River
- (4) Springs
- 31. A surveyor measured the distance between two points marked on the plan to a scale of 1 cm = 1 m (RF=1:100) and found it to be 40 m. Later he detected that he used the wrong scale of 1:50. Determine the correct length in meters.
 - (1)' 100
 - (2) 80
 - (3) 90
 - (4) 70

- 32. What is the effective throat thickness of fillet weld size 6 mm if the angle between fusion faces is 110°?
 - (1) 4.20 mm



- (2) 3.30 mm
- (3) 3.90 mm
- (4) 3.60 mm
- 33. The three lenses in a signal face from top at Indian traffic junction are
 - (1) Blue, Green, Red
 - (2) Green, Amber, Red
 - (3) Red, Blue, Green
 - (4) Red, Amber, Green
- 34. Total suspended solids in a strong sewage inPPM
 - (1) 200
 - (2) 350
 - (3) 100
 - (4) 500



- 35. Examine the correctness of following statements.
 - A. In whole circle bearing system, the bearing of a line varies from zero to 90 degrees
 - B. The angle of dip at the equator is zero degree
 - C. French cross staff is used to set out angles of either 45 or 90 degrees
 - D. In quadrantal bearing system, the bearing of a line varies from zero to 360 degrees

- (1) Only B is correct
- (2) A and D are correct
- (3) Only D is correct
- (4) B and C are correct
- 36. Which type of precipitation is responsible for most of the heavy rains in India?
 - (1) Convective precipitation
 - (2) Cyclonic precipitation
 - (3) Orographic precipitation
 - (4) Oceanic precipitation

- 37. An open tank contains 1m deep water with 50 cm depth of oil of specific gravity 0.8 above it. The intensity of pressure at the bottom of tank will be
 - (1) 4 kN/m^2



- $_{\sim}(2)$ 12 kN/m²
- $(4) 14 \text{ kN/m}^2$

(3) 10 kN/m^2

38. Two points A and B located on a map has the following coordinates.

	Point A	Point B			
Latitude	+50m	+30m			
Departure	-30m	+40m			

The length of AB in metres is

(1) 22.4



(2) 72.8



- (4) 69.4
- 39. Which method is used for balancing the traverse when angular and linear measurements are equally precise?
 - (1) Transit rule
 - (2) Sine rule
 - (3) Simpson's rule
 - (4) Bowditch rule

Which of the following statements is/are correct while designing a tension member?

- A. The design strength of a plate in rupture requires gross effective area of the plate.
- B. The design strength of a plate in rupture requires net effective area of the plate.
- C. The design strength of a single angle in rupture requires gross area of the outstanding leg.
- D. The design strength of a single angle in rupture requires net area of the outstanding leg.

Choose the correct option

(1) A and C



- (2) B and D
- (3) B and C
- (4) A and D
- 41. Match the number of reaction forces for the following connections.

A. Free end

B. Fixed support

C. Hinged

3. 2

D. Roller Choose the correct option

4. 3

(1) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4



- (2) A-1, B-3, C-2, D-3
- (3) A-1, B-3, C-4, D-2
- (4) A-1, B-4, C-3, D-2

- 42. Which of the following is **NOT** a property of good sand?
 - (1) Good sand should be chemically inert
 - (2) It should not contain any organic matter
 - (3) It should be clean
 - (4) It must contain salts that can attract moisture from the atmosphere
- 43. Lacings in compression members shall be designed to resist
 - (1) Tensile force
 - (2) Transverse shear
 - (3) Compressive force
 - (4) Bending
- 44. Which of the following is used as coagulant in treatment of water?
 - (1) $Al_2(SO_4)_2.18H_2O$



- (2) $Al_2(SO_4)_3.18H_2O$
- (3) Al₂ $SO_4.8H_2O$
- (4) Al₂(SO₄)₃.8H₂O
- 45. Porosity of soil mass is defined as the ratio between
 - (1) Volume of voids to volume of solids
 - (2) Volume of voids to total volume of soil mass
 - (3) Volume of soil mass to total volume of voids
 - (4) Volume of solids to volume of voids

- 46. A graph showing variations of discharge with time a particular point of stream is called as
 - (1) Hyetograph
 - (2) Hygrograph
 - (3) Hydrograph
 - (4) Isohyet
- 47. The most commonly used transition curve in Indian highways is
 - (1) Simple circular curve
 - (2) Spiral curve
 - (3) Compound curve
 - (4) Parabolic curve



- 48. Which of the following statements is/are correct?
 - A. The stiffness of an axially loaded prismatic bar is inversely proportional to the length of the bar.
 - B. The stiffness of an axially loaded prismatic bar is inversely proportional to the cross-sectional area of the bar.
 - C. The flexibility of an axially loaded prismatic bar is inversely proportional to the length of the bar.
 - D. The flexibility of an axially loaded prismatic bar is inversely proportional to the cross-sectional area of the bar.

- (1) A and C
- (2) B and D
- (3) B and C
- (4) A and D

- 49. Identify the correct relation among coefficient of discharge (C_d) , co-efficient of velocity (C_v) and co-efficient of contraction (C_c) .
 - (1) $C_v = C_d * C_c$



- (2) $C_d = C_c * C_v$
- (3) $C_c = C_v + C_d$
- (4) $C_d = C_c + C_v$
- 50. The compressive strength of a second class brick is
 - (1) 12 N/mm^2
 - (2) 7.0 N/mm²
 - (3) 10.5 N/mm²
 - $(4) 4.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$
- 51. A pitot tube is an instrument for measuring
 - (1) pressure of flow



(2) velocity of flow

(3) discharge of fluid

- (4) total energy
- 52. Total station only measures
 - (1) Vertical angles only
 - (2) Slope distances only
 - (3) Horizontal angles only
 - (4) Horizontal, and vertical angles and slope distances



- 53. First class bricks are used for
 - (1) Brick ballast in R.C.C.
 - (2) Low height walls and soak pit walls
 - (3) Boundary walls
 - (4) Pavements and Load bearing walls
- 54. Septic tank is a



- A. Settling tank
- B. Digestion tank
- C. Aeration tank

The correct answer is

- (1) Only A
- (2) A and C
- (3) A and B
- (4) Only C
- 55. The unit of payment of cement concrete in

lintels is



- (1) kilograms
- (2) square metre
- (3) cubic metre
- (4) tonne

- 6. Which of the following statements is/are correct?
 - A. The rate of change of shear force at any point along the axis of a beam is represented by the load intensity at that point.
 - B. The rate of change of bending moment at any point along the axis of a beam is represented by the load intensity at that point.
 - C. The second order derivative of bending moment at any point along the axis of a beam is represented by the load intensity at that point.
 - D. The rate of change of shear force at any point along the axis of a beam is not represented by the load intensity at that point.

- (1) B and D
- (2) A and B
- (3) A and C
- (4) C and D



- 57. Consider the following statements
 - A. Ashlar masonry uses dressed and faced stones cut into proper dimensions.
 - B. Rubble masonry consists of square and rectangular stones that are roughly dressed.

- (I) Statement B is true, and A is false
- (2) Both A and B are false
- (3) Statement B is false, and A is true
- (4) Both A and B are true
- 58. Specific gravity of solids is the ratio of
 - (1) Unit weight of solids to unit weight of water
 - (2) Unit weight of water to Bulk unit weight of soil
 - (3) Bulk unit weight of soil to unit weight of water
 - (4) Unit weight of solids to Bulk unit weight of soil
- 59. What is the maximum bending moment of a simply supported beam of length *L* loaded with a uniformly distributed load *w* per unit length over one half of the span?
 - $(1) \frac{wL^2}{8}$
- $(3) \ \frac{3wL^2}{128}$
- (4) $\frac{9wL^2}{128}$

- 60. Which of the following statements is/are correct for the analysis of a plane truss?
 - A. The number of equilibrium equations is2 for method of joints.
 - B. It is possible to find more than two unknown forces at a joint by the method of joints.
 - C. The number of possible equilibrium equation is 2 for method of section.
 - D. It is possible to find more than two unknown forces at a joint by the method of section.

Choose the correct option



- (1) A and C
- (2) B and D
- (3) A and D
- (4) B and C
- 61. If the formation level of a highway has a uniform gradient for a particular length, and the ground is also having a longitudinal slope, the earthwork *CANNOT* be calculated by
 - (1) Mid-section formula



- (2) Prismoidal formula
- (3) Trapezoidal formula
- (4) Centre line method

- 62. For a cantilever beam of length L with a clockwise moment M at its free end, the maximum bending moment will occur at:
 - (1) Fixed support only



- (2) At the centre only
- (3) Free end only
- (A) Throughout the span L
- 63. If 'v' is the Poisson's ratio of material, what is the relationship between modulus of elasticity (E) and shear modulus of elasticity (G)?
 - $(1) \quad G = \frac{2E}{1+\nu}$



- $(2) \quad 2G = \frac{E}{2(1+v)}$
- $(3) \quad G = \frac{E}{1+v}$
- (4) $2G = \frac{E}{1+v}$
- 64. The barometer is used to measure
 - (1) Velocity of liquid
 - (2) Pressure in pipes and channels
 - (3) Atmospheric pressure
 - (4) Difference of pressure between two points in a pipe

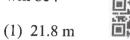
- 65. Before application, bricks are soaked in water
 - (1) to prevent absorption of moisture from mortar by bricks
 - (2) to reduce air content
 - (3) to reduce efflorescence
 - (4) to remove attached dust particles
- 66. Which water distribution system is more suitable for cities well planned roads?
 - (1) Radial system
 - (2) Grid iron system
 - (3) Ring system
 - (4) Dead end system
- 67. Identify the correct chezy's formula for velocity, where C-chezy's constant, m-Hydraulic mean depth, i-uniform bed slope.
 - (1) $V = m(Ci)^{0.5}$
 - (2) $V = i(mC)^{0.5}$
 - (3) $V = C(mi)^{0.5}$
 - (4) $V = C(mi)^{1.5}$

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68. Inner dimension of a room are 5 × 4 m with 40 cm wall thickness, The central line length will be:



- (2) 20.0 m
- (3) 19.6 m
- (4) 21.4 m
- 69. The whole circle bearing of P and Q are 24°30′ and 327°24′ respectively. Then which of the following statements about the quadrantal bearing is/are correct?
 - A. The quadrantal bearing of P is N 24°30′ E
 - B. The quadrantal bearing of P is S 24°30′ W
 - C. The quadrantal bearing of Q is N 32°36′ W
 - D. The quadrantal bearing of Q is S 32°36′ E

Choose the correct option



- (1) A and C
- (2) A and D
- (3) B and D
- (4) B and C

- 70. Slope or vertical alignment correction is
 - (1) Additive



- (2) Multiplicative
- (3) Subtractive
- (4) Additive and subtractive
- 71. Under which group the Residential buildings fall, as per NBC?
 - (1) Group D



- (2) Group A
- (3) Group C
- (4) Group B
- 72. Arrange the following steps of production of cement in chronological order:
 - A. blending the materials in the correct proportions
 - B. grinding the clinker and gypsum
 - C. crushing and grinding the raw materials
 - D. burning the prepared mix in a kiln
 - (1) A, D, B, C
 - (2) A, B, C, D
 - (3) C, A, D, B
 - (4) A, C, D, B

- - 73. What is the condition of pure bending for a beam with bending moment M? The length of the beam is measured in x-direction and y is the deflection of the beam at any point.





- $(2) \frac{dM}{dx} = 0$
- $(\beta) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$
- $(4) \quad \frac{d^4y}{dx^4} = 0$
- 74. If Duty is 1500 hec/cumec and base period of 150 days for an irrigated crop, the delta of the crop will be:
 - (1) 86.4 cm
 - (2) 86.4 mm
 - (3) 864 cm
 - (4) 0.864 mm
- 75. A horizontal curve is to be designed in a region with a limited space. In this condition which of the followings is/are correct to decrease the radius of the curve?
 - A. Increase the super elevation
 - B. Decrease the super elevation
 - C. Increase the design speed
 - D. Decrease the design speed

Choose the correct option

- (1) A and C
- (2) A and D
 (3) B and C
- (4) B and D

76. Match the following instruments with their usage.

Instrument

A. Tellurometer,

1. Slope

B. Clinometre

Vertical angles

C. Pantagraph

3. Distance

4. To set

Usage

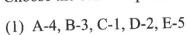
D. Theodolite

perpendiculars

E. Prism square

3. Reproduce Maps

Choose the correct option



(2) A-1, B-4, C-2, D-3, E-5

(3) A-3, B-1, C-5, D-2, E-4

(4) A-3, B-5, C-4, D-2, E-1

- 77. The treatment of water with bleaching powder is known as
 - (1) Pre-chlorination



- (2) De-chlorination
- (3) Super chlorination
- (4) Hypo-chlorination
- 78. The art and science of collecting information about an object or an area without being the direct contact is called
 - (1) Chain survey
 - (2) Levelling survey
 - (3) Compass survey
 - (4) Remote sensing survey

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P.T.O.



- 79. Which of the following are factors affecting runoff?
 - A. Intensity of rainfall
 - B. Topography of catchment
 - C. Wind velocity and direction
 - D. Soil characteristics

- (1) B, C & D
- (2) A, B & D
- (3) A, C & D
- (4) A & B
- 80. Match the following statements with respect to a beam.
 - A. Hooke's law
- 1. Vary linearly with bending moment.
- B. Uniaxial stress
- 2. Linear elastic material.
- C. Curvature of a beam
- Depends on the perpendicular distance from the neutral surface.
- D. Bending stress 4. Vary inversely with moment of inertia

Choose the correct option

- (1) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
- (2) A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4
- (3) A-4, B-1, C-3, D-2
- (4) A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1

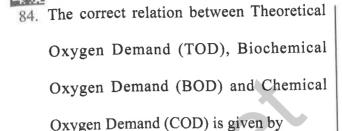
- 81. As per IS 456:2000, what is the maximum strain in concrete at the outmost compression fibre in bending?
 - (1) 0.0030
 - (2) 0.0020
- (3) 0.0015
- (4) 0.0035
- 82. The solidification of molten magma on the surface of earth, forms
 - (1) sedimentary rock
 - (2) metamorphic rock
 - (3) granite
 - (4) igneous rock
- 83. Match the following statements for a beam in pure bending.
 - A. Strains in beam in pure bending.
- 1. Deformation takes place in an identical manner.

2. Uniaxial stress.

- B. Longitudinal elements in beam in pure bending.
- C. Positive curvature 3. Vary linearly in beam in pure bending.
- with distance from neutral surface.
- D. All elements of a beam in pure bending.
- 4. Shortening in longitudinal direction.

Choose the correct option

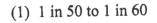
- (1) A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3
- (2) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
- (3) A-3, B-2, C-4, D-1
- (4) A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3







- (2) BOD > COD > TOD(3) TOD > COD > BOD
- (4) COD > BOD > TOD
- The minimum camber provided in Earthen road is





- (2) 1 in 40 to 1 in 50
- (3) 1 in 33 to 1 in 40
- (4) 1 in 25 to 1 in 33
- 86. Anallatic lens is associated with
 - (1) Tachometry survey
 - (2) Chain survey
 - (3) Compass survey
 - (4) Theodolite survey

- 87. The stress and strain of a bar with a modulus of elasticity E in axial tension are found as σ and ε , respectively. What is the strain energy density of the bar?



- 88. The magnitude of super-elevation depends on
 - A. Speed of vehicle
 - B. Radius of curve
 - C. Road capacity
 - D. Density of traffic

- (1) A and D
- (2) B and C
- (3) C and D
- (A) A and B
- 89. What is the intermediate sight distance if the SSD is 100m?
 - (1) 150
 - (2) 200
 - (3) 100
 - (4) 500

- 攤
- 90. In the flexible pavements, the Base course will be
 - (1) Between subgrade and sub base course
 - (2) Above wearing course
 - (3) Between sub base and wearing course
 - (4) Below sub base course
- 91. Which of the following is non-recording type of raingauge?
 - (1) Tipping bucket raingauge
 - (2) Simon's raingauge
 - (3) Siphon's raingauge
 - (4) Weighing bucket type raingauge
- 92. The amount of coagulant needed for coagulation of water increases with
 - A. Increase in turbidity of water
 - B. Decrease in turbidity of water
 - C. Increase in temperature of water
 - D. Decrease in temperature of water

The correct answer is



- (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) A and D
- (4) B and D

- 93. Which of the following statements is/are correct?
 - A. The forces are represented by the directions only in the polygon law of forces.
 - B. In the triangular law of forces, the resultant force is shown in the same order as the applied forces.
 - C. In the parallelogram law of forces, the forces are acting simultaneously on a body.
 - D. In the triangular law of forces, the resultant force is shown in the reverse order of the applied forces.
 - (1) A and B



- (2) A and C
- (3) C and D(4) B and D
- 94. If the dynamic viscosity of a fluid is 0.5 poise and specific gravity is 0.5, then the kinematic viscosity of that fluid in stokes is
 - (1) 0.25



- (2) 1.0
- (3) 0.50
- (4) 1.5



- 95. Match the following:
 - A. Quick lime
- 1. high calcium oxide



content, sets and hardens by the absorption of CO₂ from atmosphere

- B. Fat lime
- 2. lime obtained after the calcination of limestone
- C. Hydrated lime 3. contains small
 quantities of silica,
 alumina, iron oxide
 in chemical
 combination with
 calcium oxide
 component
- D. Hydraulic lime 4. lime obtained by sprinkling water to quick lime

Choose the correct option



- (1) A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
- (2) A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3
- (3) A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1
- (4) A-1, B-2, C-4, D-3

- 96. The ratio of BOD to COD is
 - (1) Greater than 1
 - (2) Always Greater than 7



- (3) Between 2 to 7
- (4) Always less than or equal to 1
- 97. Water content of soil mass is defined as
 - (1) Ratio of weight of solids to the weight of water
 - (2) Ratio of volume of voids to volume of water in voids
 - (3) Ratio of volume of water in voids to volume of voids
 - (4) Ratio of weight of water to the weight of solids
- 98. Consider the following statements
 - A. At high temperature plastic materials exhibits good stiffness, whereas at low temperature their hardness and strength increases.
 - B. Plastic materials can be made ductile through blending process of fabrication.

- (1) Statement B is true, and A is false
- (2) Both A and B are false
- (3) Statement B is false, and A is true
- (4) Both A and B are true

- 99. Plinth area estimate is compared to the cubic rate estimate.
 - (1) equally accurate



- (2) most accurate
- (3) less accurate
- (4) similar
- 100. The pathogens can be killed by
 - (1) Nitrification
 - (2) Oxidation
 - (3) Chlorination
 - (4) Sedimentation
- 101. A short square column of sides 300 mm is reinforced with 4 numbers of 20 mm diameter bars. What is the ultimate load carrying capacity of the column considering minimum eccentricity less than 0.05 times the lateral dimensions? Use M20 and Fe 415 as the grades of concrete and steel, respectively.



- (1) 20 cm
- (2) 21.10 cm
- (3) 20 mm
- (4) 21.30 mm

- 102. A flow in which the quantity of liquid flowing per second is not constant is called
 - (1) Streamline flow
 - (2) Steady flow
 - (3) Turbulent flow
 - (4) Unsteady flow
- 103. The hydraulic mean depth for a circular pipe of diameter (d), when running full, is
 - (1) d/6



- (3) d/4
- (4) d
- 104. Match the following for a steel structure in limit state of serviceability.
 - A. Deflection
- 1. Function of mass and Geometry
- B. Fire resistance
- 2. Unusually



- flexible structures (Height to effective width of lateral load resisting system exceeding 5:1)
- C. Durability
- Elastic analysis
- D. Vibration
- 4. Environment and Degree of exposure

- (1) A-2, B-1, C-3, D-4
- (2) A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
- (3) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
- (4) A-3, B-1, C-4, D-2



105. Write the relationship between Water content(w), Void ratio(e), Specific gravity(G) and degree of saturation(S)





(2) e = S/wG

(3) w = G/eS



- (4) w = S/eG
- 106. The dissolved oxygen level in natural unpolluted waters at normal temperature is found to be of the order of
 - (1) 1 mg/liter
 - (2) 100 mg/liter
 - (3) 10 mg/liter
 - (4) 1000 mg/liter
- 107. Non silting and non scouring velocity is known as



- (1) Chezy's velocity
- (2) average velocity
- (3) standard velocity
- (4) critical velocity

- 108. A cross regulator helps in
 - (1) increasing supply in the parent channel
 - (2) decreasing water depth in the parent channel
 - (3) increasing supply in the offtake channel
 - (4) effective removal of silt
- 109. For a rectangular channel (width b and depth of flow d) to be most economical, the hydraulic mean depth should be
 - (1) b/3



- (2) b/2(3) d/3
- (4) d/2
- 110. Which statements is/are correct with respect to the minimum reinforcement requirement for designing a slab?
 - A. 0.15% of the total cross-sectional area for mild steel bars.
 - B. 0.12% of the effective cross-sectional area for HYSD bars.
 - C. 0.15% of the effective cross-sectional area for mild steel bars.
 - D. 0.12% of total cross-sectional area for HYSD bars.

Choose the correct option

- (1) A and B
- (2) A and D
- (3) B and C
- (4) C and D

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- 111. A column pinned supports with length L has the radius of gyration r. The modulus of elasticity is E. The critical stress of the simply supported column due to the Euler critical load can be given by:



- 112. Match the following defects in timber with their description:
 - A. Heart shakes
- 1. develop between annual rings and separate them partly
- B. Ring shakes
- 2. spread from pith to sapwood following the directions of medullary rays
- C. Star shakes 3. completely separate the annual rings
- D. Cup shakes
- 4. outside of timber from bark to the sapwood

- (1) A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1
- (2) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
- (3) A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1
- (4) A-1, B-2, C-4, D-3

- 113. A simply supported beam of clear span 4 m carries a uniformly distributed load of 25 kN/m. The cross section of the beam is 250 mm × 450 mm. The beam is resting on 300 mm thick brick walls running perpendicular to the axis of the beam. The effective depth of the beam is 420 mm. What is the effective span of the beam?
 - (1) 4.25 m



- (2) 4.42 m
- (3) 4.30 m
- (4) 4.45 m
- 114. Consider the following statements.
 - A. Plain Cement Concrete is very weak in tension.
 - B. Steel is very weak in Compression. Identify the correct statement
 - (1) Statement B is true, and A is false
 - (2) Both A and B are false
 - (3) Statement B is false, and A is true
 - (4) Both A and B are true



- 115. Which of the following statements are correct for the bending strength of a laterally supported steel beam?
 - A. Bending strength requires elastic section modulus of the cross section for plastic and compact sections.
 - B. Bending strength requires plastic section modulus of the cross section for plastic and compact sections.
 - Bending strength requires ultimate stress of the material.
 - D. Bending strength requires yield stress of the material.
 - (1) A and C



- (2) B and C
- (3) A and D
- (4) B and D
- 116. Pascal-second is the unit of

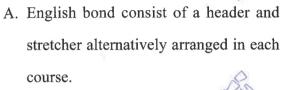


- (1) pressure
 - (2) dynamic viscosity
 - (3) kinematic viscosity
 - (4) surface tension

- 117. The number of vehicles crossing a section of road per unit time at any selected period is
 - (1) Traffic volume



- (2) Design capacity
- (3) Traffic density
- (4) Basic capacity
- 118. Consider the following statements



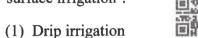
B. Flemish bond consist of alternate courses of header and stretcher.

- (1) Statement B is true, and A is false
- (2) Both A and B are false
- (3) Statement B is false, and A is true
- (4) Both A and B are true
- 119. From the following estimates which estimate will **NOT** give cost?
 - (1) Detailed estimate
 - (2) Cubic rate method of estimate
 - (3) Abstract estimate
 - (4) Plinth area method of estimate

- 120. shoulders and the pavement.
 - (1) Drop



- (2) Drain
- (3) Kerb (4) Wearing coat
- 121. Which of the following is example for sub surface irrigation?



- (2) Flow irrigation
- (3) Sprinkler irrigation
- (4) Furrow irrigation
- 122. What is the magnitude of coefficient of thermal expansion for the Cement Concrete?
 - (1) 18×10^{-6} / °C to 20×10^{-6} / °C
 - (2) 12×10^{-6} / °C to 14×10^{-6} / °C
 - (3) $6 \times 10^{-6} / {}^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $8 \times 10^{-6} / {}^{\circ}\text{C}$
 - (4) 8×10^{-6} / °C to 10×10^{-6} / °C
- 123. Which of the following cannot be the value of absolute pressure of a fluid at any point?
 - (f) 0
 - (2) 10 bar
 - (3) 13 bar
 - (4) 2 bar

- demarcates the boundary between | 124. The shape of the STOP signs according to IRC: 67-2001 is
 - (1) Rectangular
 - (2) Circular



- (3) Octagonal
- (4) Triangular
- 125. The percentage of steel to be assumed, for its estimation, in the absence of detailed drawings, for Column:
 - (X) 1.0 to 6.0%



- (2) 7.0 to 10.0%
- (3) 6.0 to 8.0%
- (4) 10.0 to 15.0%
- 126. As per IS 800:2007, what is the partial safety factor for welds in field fabrication process?
 - (1) 1.20

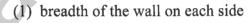
 - (4) 1.50



- 127. Theodolite is used for measuring
 - (1) Horizontal angles only
 - (2) Horizontal and vertical angles
 - (3) Vertical angles only



- (4) Linear measurements
- 128. In long and short wall method of estimation, the length of long wall is the centre to centre distance between the walls and



- (2) one fourth breadth of wall on each side
- (3) half breadth of wall on each side
- (4) one third breadth of wall on each side
- 129. The disease Dysentery is caused due to the presence of organism in water
 - (1) Salmonella typhi



- (2) Vibrio cholerae
- (3) Entamoeba histolytica
- (4) Virus

- 130. Le-Chatelier apparatus is used for measuring
 - (1) Fineness of cement
 - (2) Soundness of cement
 - (3) Pores in the brick
 - (4) Specific gravity of cement
- 131. In steady flow through a pipe the density, velocity and area of a section are 3 kg/m³, 8 m/s and 0.5 m² respectively. The velocity at another section having area of 1 m² and density of 4 kg/m³ will be
 - (1) 2 m/s

(2) 4 m/s



- (3) 3 m/s
- (4) 1 m/s
- 132. Heavy mortars have a bulk density equal to or greater than
 - (1) 500 kg/m^3
 - (2) 1500 kg/m³
 - (3) 1000 kg/m^3
 - (4) 2500 kg/m^3

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- 133. The coefficient of discharge venturimetre, lies between

 - (2) 0.75 to 0.95

(1) 0.3 to 0.45

- (3) 0.50 to 0.75
- (4) 0.95 to 1.0
- 134. Lap length for the bars in flexural tension shall be



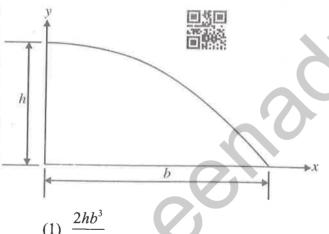


- (2) Greater of L_d or 30 times diameter of bar
- (3) Greater of 2L_d or 30 times diameter of bar
- (4) Least of L_d or 30 times diameter of bar
- 135. A syphon aqueduct is provided when
 - (1) the canal bed level is well below the flood level of the drain
 - (2) the drain bed level is well below FSL of the canal
 - (3) the canal bed level lies between the bed level and HFL of the drain
 - (4) the canal bed level lies above the bed level and HFL of the drain

- 136. Consider the following statements
 - A. Raft is spread across the entire area of the building to support heavy structural loads from columns and walls.
 - B. Mat foundation is used to transfer heavy loads from the structure to a hard rock strata much deep below the ground level.

Choose the correct option

- (1) Statement B is true, and A is false
- (2) Both A and B are false
- (3) Statement B is false, and A is true
- 4 (4) Both A and B are true
- 137. What is the moment of inertia in y-direction of the parabola as shown in the figure with respect to its centroid?



- $(1) \ \frac{2hb}{15}$
- $(2) \frac{19hb}{480}$
- $(3) \frac{3nb}{175}$
- (4) $\frac{9hb^3}{280}$

- 138. Consider two forces in a cartesian x-y coordinate system. Match the following for
 - A. Collinear forces 1. The forces are

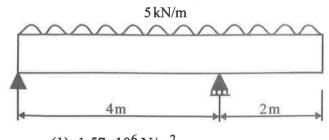
the forces:



The forces are meeting at the origin of the *x-y* coordinate system.

- B. Coplanar forces 2. Both forces are acting on the xy plane but, do not meet at a point.
- C. Concurrent forces 3. Both forces are acting on the xy plane.
- D. Coplanar non-concurrent forces
- 4. Both forces are acting along the same line on the *xy* plane.

- (1) A-3, B-4, C-1, D-2
- (2) A-4, B-3, C-1, D-2
- (3) A-1, B-2, C-4, D-3
- (4) A-4, B-3, C-2, D-1
- 139. What is the maximum bending stress for the beam as shown in the figure? The beam has rectangular cross-sectional area of 200 mm × 400 mm.



- (1) $1.57 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2$
- (2) $1.05 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2$
- (3) 1.87×10⁶ N/m²
- (4) $0.87 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2$

- 140. When is the fluid called laminar?
 - (1) Low viscosity



- (2) Reynolds number is greater than 2000
- (3) The density of the fluid is high
- (4) Reynolds number is less than 2000
- 141. Arrange the steps of preparation of brick earth in chronological order:
 - A. unsoiling



- B. cleaning
- C. digging
- D. blending
- E. weathering
- F. tempering
- (1) A, B, C, D, E, F
- (2) A, F, B, E, D, C
- (3) A, C, B, E, D, F
- (4) A, C, B, D, E, F



- 142. What is the correct increasing order of 144. Hardness of water is measured by following unknown reactions for the following beams with vertical loadings unless specified?
 - A. Propped cantilever beam
 - B. Cantilever beam
 - C. Beam with fixed at both ends under inclined loading
 - D. Beam with fixed at both ends
 - (1) A, B, D, C
 - (2) B, A, D, C
- (3) C, A, B, D
- (4) A, B, C, D
- 143. Match the following statements for the critical buckling load of a column of length L with modulus of elasticity E, and moment of inertia *I*.
 - A. Column with pinned joints at both end.
 - B. Column with fixed both ends.
 - $\pi^2 EI$ C. Column with fixed at one end and pinned at another end.
 - D. Column with fixed at_ one end and free at another end.

- (H) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
- (2) A-3, B-2, C-1, D-4
- (3) A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3
- (4) A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1

- method
 - (1) EDTA method
 - (2) NTU method
 - (3) ETDA method
 - (4) TH method
- 145. As per IS classification, the size of clayey soils is
 - (A) Less than 0.02 mm
 - (2) More than 0.002 mm
 - (3) Less than 0.2 mm
 - (4) Less than 0.002 mm
- 146. Arrange in the correct sequence of temporary adjustments given below.
 - A. Levelling



- B. Centering
- C. Elimination of Parallax
- D. Setting
- (1) A-C-D-B
- (2) B-A-C-D
- (3) D-B-A-C
- 4) C-D-B-A



147. Which of the following is not a pozzolanic | 149. The maximum effective slenderness ratio

material?



- (1) Fly ash
- (2) Cinder
- (3) Silica fume
- (4) Slag
- 148. The type of glass that consists of fine but solid rods of glass is known as:
 - (1) Laminated glass



- (2) Heat resistant glass
- (3) Fibre glass
- (4) Float glass

- value of a tension member in which a reversal of direct stress occurs due to loads other than wind or seismic forces, is
 - (1) 350



- (2) 180
- (3) 400
- (4) 250
- 150. The Maximum area of reinforcement for the RCC Beam according to IS 456:2000.
 - (1) 0.12% of effective cross sectional area for HYSD bars
 - (2) 0.8% gross cross sectional area for **HYSD** bars
 - (3) 4% of gross cross sectional area for **HYSD** bars
 - (4) 6% gross cross sectional area for HYSD bars

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Q.NO

KEY

Q.NO	KEY	Q.NO	KEY	Q.NO	KEY	Q.NO	KEY	c	Q.NO	KEY	Q.NO	KEY	Q.NO	KEY
1	1	21	4	41	4	61	4		81	4	101	*	121	1
2	3	22	2	42	4	62	4		82	4	102	4	122	4
3	2	23	3	43	2	63	1		83	*	103	3	123	3
4	3	24	1	44	1	64	3		84	3	104	4	124	3
5	1	25	4	45	2	65	1		85	4	105	1	125	1
6	3	26	1	46	3	66	2		86	1	106	3	126	4
7	4	27	2	47	2	67	3		87	3	107	4	127	2
8	3	28	4	48	4	68	3		88	4	108	1	128	1
9	2	29	3	49	2	69	1		89	2	109	2	129	
10	3	30	4	50	2	70	3		90	3	110	2	130	2
11	4	31	2	51	2	71	2		91	2	111	2	131	3
12	2	32	2	52	4	72	3		92	3	112	1	132	
13	1	33	4	53	4	73	2		93	3	113	3	133	4
14	3	34	4	54	1	74	1		94	2	114	3	134	
15	2	35	4	55	3	75	2		95	4	115	4	135	3
16	3	36	3	56	3	76	3		96	4	116	2	136	
17	2	37	4	57	4	77	1		97	4	117	1	137	1
18	1	38	2	58	1	78	4		98	1	118	1	138	2
19	4	39	4	59	4	79	2		99	3	119	1	139	3
20	4	40	3	60	3	80	2		100	3	120	3	140	4